# MINUTES FROM A WORK SESSION OF THE COUNCIL OF MUSCLE SHOALS, ALABAMA, HELD AUGUST 1, 2022

The City Council of Muscle Shoals, Alabama met at the Muscle Shoals City Hall auditorium in said City at 5:00 p.m. on the 1st day of August, 2022. The following members were found to be present or absent, as indicated:

PRESENT: CHRIS HALL, GINA CLARK, WILLIS THOMPSON,

KEN SOCKWELL, DAVID MOORE

ABSENT: NONE

Ken Sockwell, Council President, presided at the meeting. Mayor Mike Lockhart was also present. Elaine Coan, City Clerk was present and kept the minutes of the meeting.

Dennis Norton, CPA, auditor for the city, presented the 2021-2022 city audit to the council.

David Reed, Kevin Arnold, Michael Boatwright and Leah Tompkins spoke to the council about concerns they have in regards to the baseball and softball fields at Gattman Park.

The council discussed the bid results for Tree/Stump Removal, Fencing & Landscaping at Nathan Estates Retention Pond. The decision was made to reject the bid.

City Attorney Marcel Black spoke to the council and gave the results of his review of the Municipal Court office. Kia Christian, Court Clerk/Magistrate was present. The Council discussed the results with Marcel and Kia.

City Engineer, Brad Williams gave the council an update on the EDA Project at the Southgate Mall area. The project should begin in a few weeks, and should be complete in about eight months.

There being no further business the meeting was adjourned at 6:15 p.m.

# CITY OF MUSCLE SHOALS, ALABAMA A Municipal Corporation

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE ONE

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE TWO

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE THREE

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE FOUR

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE FIVE

ATTEST:

CITY CLERK

## MINUTES FROM A REGULAR MEETING OF THE COUNCIL OF MUSCLE SHOALS, ALABAMA, HELD AUGUST 1, 2022

The City Council of Muscle Shoals, Alabama met at the Muscle Shoals City Hall auditorium in said City at 6:15 p.m. on the 1<sup>ST</sup> day of August, 2022 being the scheduled time and place for said meeting. The meeting was called to order by Ken Sockwell, Council President. On roll call the following members were found to be present or absent, as indicated:

PRESENT: CHRIS HALL, GINA CLARK, WILLIS THOMPSON,

KEN SOCKWELL, DAVID MOORE

ABSENT: NONE

Ken Sockwell, Council President, presided at the meeting and declared that a quorum was present and that the meeting was convened and opened for the purposes of transaction of business. Mayor Mike Lockhart was also present. Elaine Coan, City Clerk, was present and kept the minutes of the meeting.

The invocation was given by Casey McBay, Youth Minister/Leighton Baptist Church. Council President Ken Sockwell led in the pledge of allegiance.

Upon motion duly made by Council Member Moore and seconded by Council Member Clark and unanimously adopted, the Council waived the reading of the minutes of the previously held regular meeting and work session of July 18, 2022, and approved the minutes as written.

Mayor Lockhart announced that the Youth Baseball Team was going to compete in the State Competition, and wished them the best. He also expressed appreciation to Parks & Recreation Director, Rusty Wheeles, and the department.

President Sockwell announced that the next item of business was the presentation of the 2020-2021 financial audit conducted by Norton & Underwood. Following a review of the report, President Sockwell directed the City Clerk to spread the report on the minutes of the meeting.

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# CITY OF MUSCLE SHOALS, ALABAMA AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended September 30, 2021



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# FINANCIAL SECTION



Dennis K. Norton, CPA Kerry L. Underwood, CPA

Member of American Institute of CPA's Alabama Society of CPA's

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the City Council City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama, as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1A, the financial statements referred to above include only the primary government of the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama, which consists of all funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that comprise the City's legal entity. These primary government financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government. As a result, these primary government financial statements do not purport to, and do not present fairly the financial position of the reporting entity of the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama, as of September 30, 2021, the changes in its financial position or, where applicable, its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 16 and the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios and schedule of employer contributions of the pension plan on pages 62-67, the schedule of funding progress and schedule of employer contributions of the other postemployment benefit plan on pages 68-69, and the budgetary comparison information on pages 70-71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules of revenues and expenses by budget line item on pages 72-90 and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules on pages 91-92, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above, and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Montalladuwood, PC

NortonUnderwood, PC Tuscumbia, Alabama July 28, 2022



Our discussion and analysis of the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama's (the City's) financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which begin on page 17.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's financial position increased by \$ 2.26 million, or 5.1 percent.
- During the year, the City had taxes and other revenues for governmental programs that were
   \$ 2.58 million more than the \$ 23.58 million in expenses.
- General fund revenues were more than budget amounts by \$ 1,969,398 and expenditures of funds were \$ 893,830 less than budgeted expenditures.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17-18) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 20. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds.

#### Reporting the City as a Whole

The Statement of Financial Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net assets and changes in them. You can think of the City's net position as the difference between assets and liabilities and the change in net assets as one way to measure the City's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. Other factors should also be considered when assessing the overall health of the City. These include changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's roads.

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Management Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021



In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we divide the City into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including the police, fire, public works, and parks departments, and general administration. Sales and property taxes, franchise fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Component units The City includes three separate legal entities in its report: The City of Muscle Shoals Board of Education, the City of Muscle Shoals Utility Board, and the Electric Board of the City of Muscle Shoals. Although legally separate, these component units are important because the City is financially accountable for them.

### Reporting the City's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the City's major funds begins on page 6. The fund financial statements begin on page 19 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the City Council establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g. - the half-cent sales tax for capital projects) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money.

Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation on page 22.

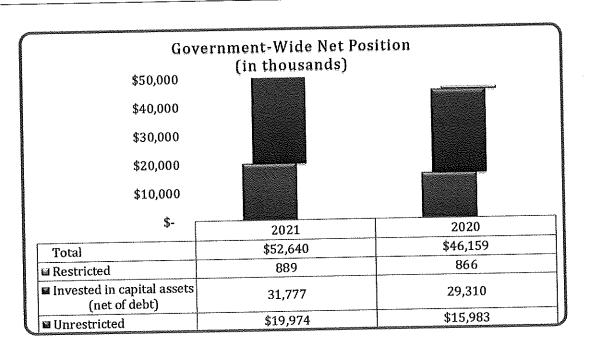


The City's net position increased by \$4.79 million, from \$46.16 million to \$50.95 million. Table 1 below summarizes net assets at September 30, 2021, and September 30, 2020, respectively.

Table 1 - Condensed Statements of Net Position (in thousands)

**Total Primary Government Activities** 

10tal Filmary dovernment reduction	As of Sept	As of September 30,		
	2021	2020		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 46,797 48,527	\$ 39,456 48,195		
Total assets	95,325 5,224	87,651 4,601		
Deferred outflows  Total assets and deferred outlfows	100,549	92,252		
Long-term debt outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	377 44,658 45,035 2,873	157 44,407 44,564 1,529		
Deferred Inflows  Total liabilities and deferred inflows	\$ 47,908	\$ 46,093		
Net Position Invested in capital assets (net of debt) Restricted Unrestricted	31,777 889 19,974	29,310 866 15,983		
Total net position	\$ 52,640	\$ 46,159		





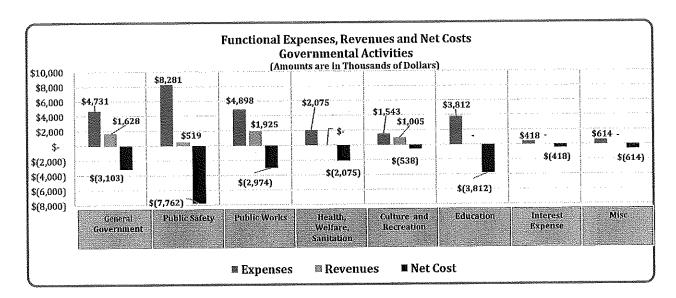
# **Table 2 - Change in Net Position (in thousands)**Total Primary Government Activities

	For the fiscal year ended				
Program revenues	2021			2020	
Fees, fines and charges for services		4,507	\$	3,844	
Grants and contributions		1,925	•	370	
General revenues					
Sales taxes		17,133		16,009	
Advalorem taxes		1,308		1,269	
Other taxes and payments in lieu of taxes		4,040		3,769	
Miscellaneous		1,831		3,769	
Joint Venture		2,080		1,449	
Investment Earnings		31		106	
Total revenues	<del></del>	32,855		27,178	
Program expenses					
General government		4,731		4,310	
Public safety		8,281		7,152	
Public works		4,898		4,949	
Health, welfare and sanitation		2,075		1,893	
Education		3,812		2,923	
Culture and recreation		1,543		1,536	
Miscellaneous		614		571	
Interest on long-term debt		418		294	
Total expenses		26,372		23,628	
Increase in net position from operations	\$	6,482	\$	3,550	



#### **Governmental Activities**

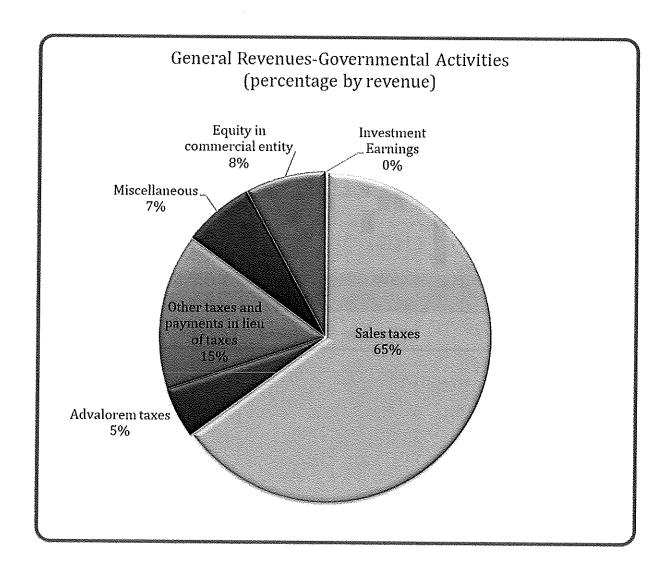
The cost of all government activities this year was \$ 26.37 million. However, as shown on the Statement of Activities on page 18, the cost ultimately financed by our taxpayers for these activities was \$ 21.30 million. Program revenues in the form of user fees, charges for services and grants by other governments subsidized certain programs. These revenues amounted to \$ 5.077 million, thus reducing the burden to taxpayers.





#### **Governmental Activities (continued)**

Sales tax revenue represents the majority of general revenues received as depicted in the following chart:





### **Governmental Activities (continued)**

Sales tax revenue has increased by \$4,833 thousand (39%) since fiscal year 2016 (5 years), while all other tax revenue has increased by \$900 thousand (29%) over the same time frame. Sales tax revenue increased by \$1,124 thousand (7.02%) from fiscal 2020 to 2021.

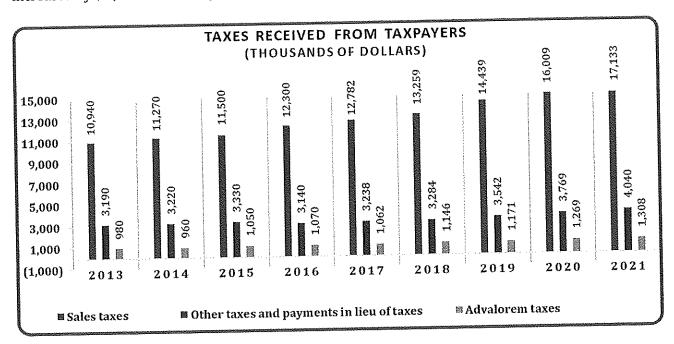


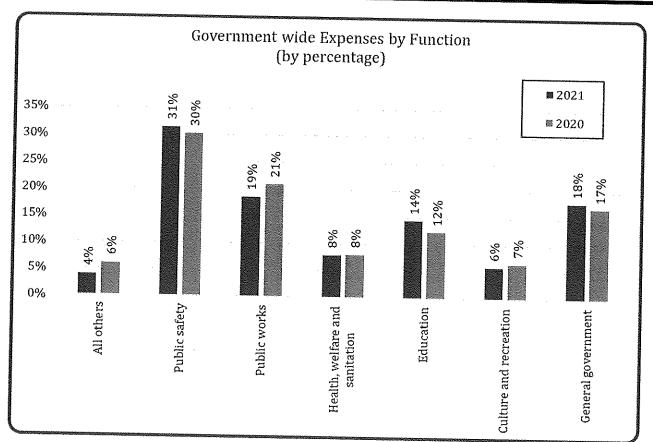
Table 3 presents the cost of each of the City's programs for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2021, and September 30, 2020, respectively.

Table 3 - Total Cost of Services (in thousands)

Total Primary Government Activities

Total Primary Government Activities	Septe			mber 30,		
	2021			2020		
General government	\$	4,731	\$	4,310		
Public safety		8,281		7,152		
Public works		4,898		4,949		
Health, welfare and sanitation		2,075		1,893		
Education		3,812		2,923		
Culture and recreation		1,543		1,536		
All others		1,032		865		
Totals	\$	26,372	\$	23,628		





#### THE CITY'S FUNDS

The City's governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 19) reported a combined fund balance of \$21.40 million, which increased from last year's total of \$15.94 million. The general fund balance increased by \$3.86 million from \$14.12 million to \$17.98 million.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The 2020-2021 budget was approved, and was later amended on September 2, 2021, as is customary, to account for mid-year adjustments to the various department line items.

City officials continue to monitor the costs of employee health care. Health care costs of \$2.06 million represented 9.88% of general fund expenditures and were 11.67% less than the prior fiscal year.



### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### Capital Assets

The City has worked extensively to develop and adequately maintain capital assets. City streets are routinely inspected for potholes, shoulder deterioration and other maintenance concerns. Prompt response to citizen complaints and an aggressive inspection program have led to better control of maintenance costs. On a regularly scheduled basis, the City resurfaces streets utilizing local and state shared gasoline tax revenues. Resurfacing costs are not capitalized.

At the end of fiscal year 2021, the City had \$48.53 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, park facilities, roads, storm water detention and pumping facilities and police and fire equipment. (See Table 4):

Table 4 - Capital Assets at Year-End (Net of Depreciation) (in thousands)
Total Primary Government Activities

	As of Septe	ember 30,
	2021	2020
Non-depreciable Land Art Construction in progress	\$ 7,521 79 99	\$ 7,521 79 1,268
Depreciable Buildings Infrastructure Improvements Equipment Totals	17,615 33,023 13,669 16,786 88,791	17,615 29,639 13,669 16,422 86,213
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(40,263)	(37,983)
Capital assets-net	\$48,528	\$ 48,230

Several Infrastructure projects were undertaken during the 2020-2021 fiscal year:

### A. Transportation projects:

- 1. The widening of Webster Street from Avalon Avenue to 2<sup>nd</sup> Street was under construction during the fiscal year. The Alabama Department of Transportation (ALDOT) is providing 80% funding for this project.
- 2. ALDOT also funded sidewalk construction in several areas of the city. The completed project costs totaled \$545,532 and was funded 80% with state funds.



## **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)**

- B. Other projects that have been completed or are underway include:
  - 1. Construction of an amphitheater, on the grounds of city hall, was nearing completion at the close of the fiscal year. The project was funded by the proceeds of the 2018 General Obligation warrants. Costs are expected to exceed \$435,594.
  - 2. Preliminary work started on the storm water infrastructure project at Southgate Mall. The total cost of this project will be an estimated \$2,034,012 with a financial assistance award from the state in the amount of \$1,627,210.
  - 3. Sanitary sewer expansion along South Wilson Dam was completed in two separate phases during the fiscal year. Phase One was completed in February 2020 at a cost of \$1,418,057 with the City's share being \$817,433.95. Phase Two was completed in July of 2020 at a cost of \$945,732 with the City's share being \$472,866. \$1,000,000 was provided from the proceeds of the 2018 General Obligation warrants with the remaining funds provided from the Half Cent Fund. Discussions are ongoing for a final phase of work to extend sewer to the southside of Highway 157/72.

#### **Debt**

At year-end, the City had \$16.75 million in general obligation warrants outstanding versus \$18.88 million last year, a decrease of \$2.135 million. Detail is provided in the notes to financial statements.

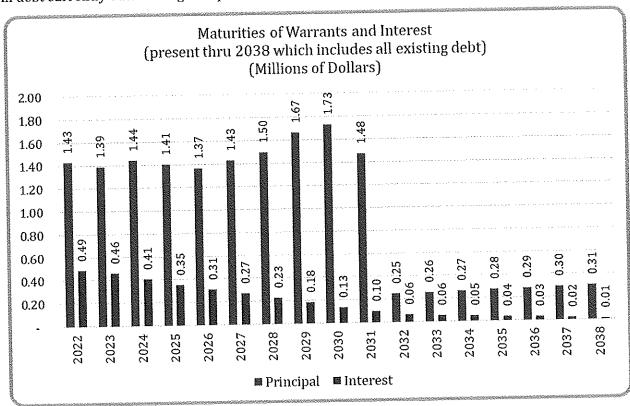
The City of Muscle Shoals has a "AA3" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt. The Constitution of Alabama provides that cities having a population of six thousand or more may not become indebted in an amount in excess of twenty percent (20%) of the assessed value of the property situated therein. The total net assessed value of the property in the City as assessed for City taxation for the tax year which ended September 30, 2021 (including motor vehicles), is \$240.2 million. Therefore, the City's general obligation debt of \$ 18.89 million, is well below of its current debt limit of \$ 54.43.0 million (20% of \$272.2 million).

Tax Year	A:	Assessed Value			
2013	\$	179,407,660			
2014	\$	193,265,420			
2015	\$	188,432,920			
2016	\$	203,902,180			
2017	\$	212,104,880			
2018	\$	218,110,220			
2019	\$	228,768,040			
2020	\$	240,243,995			
2021	\$	272,166,440			



### Debt (continued)

All debt currently outstanding at September 30, 2021, will mature by fiscal 2038.



### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

North American Lighting celebrated their newest expansion on April 29, 2022., in Muscle Shoals, Ala. The Shoals Economic Development Authority and the Shoals Chamber of Commerce were present, along with the Mayor of Muscle Shoals and several executives from NAL's corporate headquarters.

North American Lighting Inc. (NAL), a division of Koito Manufacturing Co., is the largest manufacturing employer in The Shoals. In 2005, NAL announced a new 200,000 sq. ft. manufacturing facility in Muscle Shoals, Alabama, committing an investment of \$22 million and creating 320 jobs. In 2010, the company announced an investment of an additional \$10.2 million in the Alabama facility adding 96 new jobs.



# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

NAL's success in Alabama continued as the company announced multiple expansions at their Shoals facility investing \$35 million and creating 250 new jobs in 2011 and \$36 million and 275 jobs in 2013. Just a decade after NAL's original announcement in Muscle Shoals, they had tripled their footprint to 600,000 sq. ft. becoming the largest manufacturing employer in The Shoals.

In 2019, The Shoals EDA began discussions with NAL about additional expansions to support NAL's growing business. Quickly, NAL chose The Shoals as the location of their new 150,000 sq. ft. warehouse investing another \$8 million in the area. NAL quickly filled the new warehouse and just a year later committed to doubling the size of the warehouse investing another \$30 million and adding 100 jobs.

To date, NAL has invested over \$265 million and created more than 1,400 jobs in The Shoals. They are currently hiring and information can be found here: NAL Careers: <a href="https://jobs.nal.com/search/">https://jobs.nal.com/search/</a>

The **Remote Shoals Program**, a program designed to attract and retain remote workers to the Shoals, had its inaugural year in fiscal year 2020. The program's goal is to encourage professionals to relocate and work remotely from the Shoals and take advantage of our low cost of living and great quality of life. Selection criteria are based in part on income. The minimum qualifying income starts at \$52,000 per year. Reimbursement is based on income and starts at \$6,000. The maximum is \$10,000. Launched on June 4th of 2019, the program began with the goal of attracting 10 individuals to the Shoals.

This calendar year has been quite busy with interviews, offers, and visits. In fact, about 215+ virtual interviews and offer calls have been completed just since the beginning of the year and numerous community tours have been conducted for remote workers considering making the move. This year has been a tremendous success as 29 new remote workers have relocated to The Shoals bringing with them almost \$3 million in new payroll to the area and adding a total of 59 new residents. Remote Shoals continues its success, bringing program totals to \$630,000 of incentives committed for the recruitment of 77 remote workers. These 77 remote workers bring with them over \$7.5 million in annual payroll. That's an average wage of almost \$100,000. The Shoals has gained 159 new residents that have purchased 44 new homes investing almost \$11.5 million dollars in the community and are spending over \$325,000 annually in rent.

• The Employment Growth Program (EGP) started in 2013, during a year when the Shoals unemployment rate was as high as 8.6 percent. Up to \$75,000 from the Shoals Economic Development Fund was set aside for the program, which offers a streamlined way to provide industries with incentives from the fund.

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Management Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2021



# ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

- The incentive offers \$2,500 for companies that pay \$12-\$14.99 per hour, but in 2017 the committee voted to enhance it to \$4,000 for companies that pay \$15 an hour or more, \$5,000 for \$20-\$24.99 an hour, and \$6,000 for \$25-\$29.99 an hour. Looking back at the partial 2022 fiscal year that will concluded on Sept. 30, the funds were dedicated to 11 local companies toward hirings that amounted to 64 jobs, at an average pay of \$16.01 per hour. The incentives are provided after a company has employed someone for at least six months. Accompanying capital investment for these new jobs amounted to over \$2.86 million.
- Danmark Communications approached the Shoals Economic Development Authority with a request to purchase property within the Rogersville Business Park. Danmark is quickly outgrowing their current location and is seeking a site to consolidate their office and warehouse locations. A 2.37-acre tract within the Rogersville Business Park was proposed as a suitable site for Danmark's new facility. The completed building will house Danmark's office as well warehouse, which is currently located elsewhere. The investment for this construction is estimated at \$400,000. In addition to the capital investment, Danmark anticipates the hiring of 3 to 4 additional staff members to their currently employment of 27. In 2021 Danmark had an annual payroll of \$1.2 million.

Unemployment in the Florence-Muscle Shoals Metropolitan statistical area saw a significant decrease in unemployment as the effects of the Covid 19 pandemic started to lessen. The pre-pandemic unemployment rate in January 2020 was 3.6% and peaked in April of 2020 at 14.6%. Unemployment rates began a steady decline, and by January 2021 unemployment was near pre-pandemic rate of 4%. In September 2021 unemployment fell to a rate of 3.0%.

The Mayor and City Council approved a conservative 2021-2022 General Fund budget. Total anticipated revenues and other financing resources are projected at \$26.31 million, an increase from the 2019-2020 budgeted revenues and other financing resources of \$24.14 million. Budgeted expenditures and other uses of funds are expected to increase to \$24.14 million from \$24.13 million in the prior year. No new programs have been added to the 2020-2021 budget. This budget included a onetime raise for full-time personnel. The budget also included two new full-time positions and two new part-time positions.

# CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information such as separately issued financial statements for component units, contact the City Finance office at the City of Muscle Shoals, P.O. Box 2624, Muscle Shoals, AL 35662. Telephone (256) 383-5675 or e-mail at <a href="mailto:bwalker@cityofmuscleshoals.com">bwalker@cityofmuscleshoals.com</a>.

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 19,584,413
Account receivables, net	65,164
Receivable-component units Due from other governments	-
Inventories	1,991,440
Reserved and restricted assets	42,173
Capital Assets:	
Non-depreciable	
Other capital assets, net of	7,698,499
depreciation	40,828,946
Equity interest in joint venture	24,553,427
Other receivables	102,111
Receivable-commercial entity	458,562
Total assets	95,324,735
Deferred outflows of resources	
Proportionate share of	
Collective Deferred Outflows	
Net Pension Liability	3,084,521
OPEB Liability	2,139,303
	5,223,824



	Governmental Activities
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and	387,019
accrued expenses	1,430,000
Bonds payable	1,430,000
Accrued interest	89,703
Compensated absences	
Due in more than one year:	13,344,776
Net OPEB liability	15,320,000
Bonds payable	1,115,749
Compensated absences	12,889,044
Net pension liability	458,562
Bonds payable-commercial	45,035,053
Total liabilities	10,000,000
Deferred Inflows of resources	
Proportionate share of	
Collective Deferred Inflows	
Related to:	429,404
Net Pension Liability	2,443,834_
Net OPEB Liability	2,873,238
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net	31,777,445
of related debt	31,777,110
Restricted or Committed for:	847,635
Capital projects	40,962
Other purposes	19,974,226
Unrestricted	
Total net position	\$ 52,640,268



City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Statement of Activities September 30, 2021

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	Primary Governmental Activities		\$ (3.103.143)	(7,761,919)	(2,973,647)	(720,469)	(2,806,596)	(1,543,444)	(614,165)	(417,754)	\$ (19,941,138)
Revenue	Capital Grants and Contributions		· •	1	1,924,542	1		ř	ı		1,924,542
Program Revenue	Operating Grants and Contributions	77-14	, &9	1	1	•	•	1	•		
	Charges for Services	1765-10 PRINTED TO 175-15	\$ 1,628,025	518,629	, t	1,354,/96	1,005,318	t	1		4,506,768
,	Expenses		\$ 4,731,168	8,280,548	4,898,189 2,075,265	2,07,0,500 3,811,017	0,011,914 1 EA2 AAA	ようしょうしょ コント クトフ	014,105	777,170	20,3/2,448
	Functions/Programs	r rimary <b>government:</b> Governmental Activities	General government Public safety	Public works	Health, welfare and sanitation	Culture and recreation	Education	Interest on long-term debt	Miscellaneous	Total governmental activities	

(continued)

		1
	Primary	
	Governmental	
	Activities	
General revenues:		
Taxes:	0 0 0	į
Sales taxes	17,133,047	/ 1
Advalorem	1,307,995	95
Cooling	692,512	12
Alcohol	466,672	72
Tobacco	142,663	63
1 odding	125,533	33
Loughig Disconcial ineffertion	851,806	90
Financial modernorm	222,594	94
Offier taxes	20 942 822	22
Total taxes		1 C
Payments in lieu of taxes	1,538,450	00 100
Net Premium (discount) on bond issuance	931,983	83
Inrestricted investment earnings	30,501	01
Joint Venture (commercial entity)		
Distributions	389,509	603
Distributions Increase in activity	1,690,899	399
Increase in equity Transfare Out - Italities	(33,504)	504)
Miscellaneous	932,0	141
Total general revenues special items, and transfers	26,422,701	701
Change in not notition	6,481,563	563
	46.158.705	705
Net position - beginning (as corrected)		
Net nosition - ending	\$ 52,640,268	897

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

ACCETC	General Fund	Half-Cent Sales Tax
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable,net Due from other funds Receivable from other governments Other receivables Inventories  Total assets	16,169,472 21,340 62,713 1,941,120 102,111 42,173	1,533,056 34,244 - - - -
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	18,338,929_	<u>1,567,300</u>
Accounts payable Due to other funds	28,516	_
Due to component units Other accrued liabilities Total liabilities	331,848	
Fund balances: Nonspendable:	360,364	
Inventories Restricted for: Capital Projects	42,173	-
Unassigned: Total fund balance	17,936,392	1,567,300
Total liabilities and fund balance	17,978,565 \$ 18,338,929	1,567,300 \$ 1,567,300



2018 Varrant Sinking	Debt Service		Special Trust	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ 572,574 - - -	\$ - - -		\$ 158,594 - - -	\$ 1,150,717 9,580 - 9,193	\$ 19,584,413 65,164 62,713 1,950,313 102,111	
 - - 572,574		<u>-</u>	158,594	<u>-</u> 1,169,490	42,173 21,806,887	
372,371						
-		-	16,583 -	- 21,586	45,099 21,586	
-		_	-	9,735 337	9,735 332,185	
 -			16,583	31,658	408,605	
-		-	-	-	42,173	
572,574 -		-	142,011 -	133,050 1,004,782	847,635 20,508,474	
 572,574		н	142,011	1,137,832	21,398,282	
\$ 572,574	\$		\$ 158,594	\$ 1,169,490	\$ 21,806,887	

## City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021



Total fund balance, governmental funds	\$ 21,398,282
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Assets.	48,527,445
Certain other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and therefore are not reported in this fund financial statement, but are reported in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position:	
Equity interest in joint venture Deferred Outflows	24,553,427
Pension Plan Other Post Employment Benefits	3,084,521 2,139,303
Some liabilities, are not due and payable in the current period and are not included in the fund financial statement, but are included in the governmental activities of the Statement of Net Position	2,139,303
Bonds payable	(16,750,000)
Accrued interest	(89,903)
Deferred inflows	(
Pension Plan	(429,404)
Other Post Employment Benefits	(2,443,833)
Compensated absences	(1,115,749)
Net OPEB Liability	(13,344,776)
Defined benefit obligation	 (12,889,044)
Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position	\$ 52,640,268



City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	in Fund Balance	September 30, 2021
--------------------------------	--	-----------------	--------------------

Total Governmental Funds	\$ 22,474,594 2,146,653 1,354,796 389,509 1,924,543 1,005,318 30,501 932,041	3,842,721 4,080,132 2,648,462 2,184,272 838,116 1,768,065 2,930,803 108,999 1,543,444 308,755
Other Governmental Funds	\$ 104,737 518,628 - 261 89,946 - 799 683,329 1,397,700	199,764 30,462 - 155,794
Special Trust	\$	- 12,960 - 9,432 8,000
Debt Service	156	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
2018 Warrant Sinking	746	- - - - - - - (continued)
Half-Cent Sales Tax	\$ - 488,016 - 386 0 0 488,402	10,709 271,090 154,726 
General Fund	\$ 22,369,857 1,628,025 1,354,796 389,248 1,346,581 1,005,318 28,319 113,121 28,235,265	3,642,957 4,049,670 2,648,462 2,004,809 567,026 1,758,633 2,768,077 108,999 1,343,444 308,755
	Local taxes Local taxes License, permits and fees Charges for service Joint Ventures Intergovernmental revenue Park and recreation Investment earnings Miscellaneous Total revenues	EXPENDITURES  Current:    General government    Police    Fire    Street    Storm and Sewer    Health and sanitation    Culture and recreation    Appropriations    Education    Miscellaneous

Total Governmental Funds	41,661 622,240	23,560,769	6,697.186	(33,504) 11,990,000	1,139,514 4,065,712 (14,125,000) (207,531)	(4,065,712)	(1.236.521)	5,460,665	\$ 21,398,282
Other Governmental Funds		386,020	1,011,680	ı	ı	(290,110)	(290,110)	721,570	\$ 1,137,833
Special Trust		36,292	99,394	ı			1	99,394	\$ 142,011
Debt Service	605,666	605,666	(605,510)	11,990,000	1,139,514 1,808,629 (14,125,000) (207,531)	(102)	605,510	I a	₩
2018 Warrant Sinking	113,853	113,853	(113,107)	ı	ı	1	ı	(113,107) 685,681	\$ 572,574
Half-Cent Sales Tax	948,911	1,585,436	(1,097,034)	1	1,988,086	1	1,988,086	891,052 676,248	\$ 1,567,300
General Fund	41,661 16,574 1,574,434	20,833,502	7,401,763	USES) (33,504)	268,997	(3,775,500)	(3,540,007)	3,861,756	\$ 17,978,565
EXPENDITIIRES (continued)	Debt Service: Principal Interest and other charges Capital Outlay	10tal expenditures Excess (deficiency) of	revenues over expenditures	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer to Utilities Board Proceeds from Bond Issuance Premium on Issuance of Bonds	Transfers in Retirement of Bonds Debt Issuance Costs	Transfers out Total other financing	sources and uses	Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	Fund balances - ending

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities September 30, 2021



September 30, 2021	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds:  Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	\$ 5,460,665
Governmental funds report outlays for capital assets as expenditures because such outlays use current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only a portion of the outlay as expense. The outlay is allocated over the assets' estimated useful lives as depreciation expense for the period.	
This is the amount by which net capital outlays (net of retirements) \$2,478,717 were exceeded by depreciation \$2,053,745 in the current period.	424,972
Governmental funds report bond proceeds as current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such issuance of debt as a liability. Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure. In contrast, the Statement of Activities treats such repayments as a reduction in long-term liabilities. This is the amount by which proceeds were exceeded by repayments.	2,135,000
Pension and other postemployment benefit obligation amounts not reported in the funds: Increase in Net pension obligation Increase in OPEB Liability Decrease in Deferred inflows related to pensions Increase in Deferred outflows related to pensions Decrease in Deferred inflows related to OPEB Increase in Deferred outflows related to OPEB	(1,924,117) (599,883) 223,554 1,003,354 (1,567,911) (380,918)
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as a liability in the balance sheets of the governmental funds.	8,075
Changes in the equity value of an investment are not receivable or payable in the current period and therefore is not reported as an asset or liability in the balance sheets of the governmental funds	1,690,899
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Decrease in compensated absences	7,873
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,481,563

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2021



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of the City of Muscle Shoals, AL are discussed in subsequent sections of this note. The remaining notes are organized to provide explanations and include required disclosures of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama, (the "City"), was incorporated in 1923, under the Constitution and laws of the State of Alabama. The City operates under the mayor-city council form of government. These primary government financial statements do not include financial data for the City's legally separate component units, which accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be reported with the financial data of the City's primary government.

The City's component units consist of the following:

Com	onent	unit

# Utilities Board of the City of Muscle Shoals

#### Electric Board of the City of Muscle Shoals

# Muscle Shoals City Board of Education

## Activities and Relationship to City

Owns, operates and maintains a water and sewer system serving residents of the City. The City Council appoints all members of the Utility Board.

Provides electricity to the residents of Muscle Shoals and acts as collection agent for the City's garbage pick-up operation. The City Council appoints all members of the Electric Board.

Operates the City's Public school system. The City Council appoints the five members of the Board. The City issued bonds for the construction of school facilities and is obligated for the debt. The City makes annual appropriations to the Board of Education.

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2021



## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include both government-wide financial statements (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, propriety funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Government-wide Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the City, excluding those reported in the fiduciary funds. It is displayed in the format of assets and deferred outflows less liabilities and deferred inflows, equals net position, with the assets and liabilities shown in order of their relative liquidity. Net position is required to be displayed in three components (each of which is defined below):

- Net investment in capital assets (The net investment in capital assets component of net
  position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding
  balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the
  acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets and adjusted for the balance of any
  deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources related to capital assets or
  debt).
- Restricted (The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced
  by liabilities related to those assets. Restricted assets are those with constraints placed on
  their use that are either: (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt
  covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2)
  imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation).
- Unrestricted (The unrestricted component of net position is the net amount of the assets
  and liabilities that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets
  or the restricted component of net position).

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2021



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The measurement focus of the governmental funds (in the Fund Financial Statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position rather than upon net income.

These governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considered property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A six-month availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. For example, property tax revenue is recognized in the year of levy, and all other revenue is recognized when services have been rendered.



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (continued)

Major funds are those whose revenues, expenditures/expenses, assets, or liabilities (excluding extraordinary items) are at least 10% of corresponding totals for all governmental or enterprise funds and at least 5% of the aggregate amount for all governmental and enterprise funds. The identification and separate reporting of major funds serves to highlight financial activities which may be particularly important to financial statement users. Nonmajor funds are reported in aggregate in a separate column in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Half-cent Sales Tax A fund established by City ordinance to account for funds received and expended for capital projects as approved by the council.
- 2018 Warrant Sinking Fund This fund pays the debt of the city.
- Debt Service This fund currently funds capital projects.
- Special Trust This fund is used primarily for capital projects.

Grant revenues are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements are met. Under the terms of grant agreements, the City may fund certain programs with a combination of cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance program expenses. It is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources to such programs, followed by unrestricted resources if necessary.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

# D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE

#### 1) Deposits and investments

The City has defined cash and cash equivalents to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. State statutes and local ordinances authorize the government and the component units to invest in various types of investments as discussed in a subsequent note.

The City does not have a significant amount of investments valued at other than quoted market prices, except in the pension trust funds, amortization of premium and accretion of



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (continued)

### 1) Deposits and investments (continued)

discount on investments purchased are not recorded over the term of the investment. The effect of this policy on the financial statements of the various funds is not significant.

#### 2) Receivables and payables

All trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. Unbilled service receivables represent the estimated amount of accounts receivable for services that have not yet been billed. The amount represents a timing difference between the end of the financial statement cycle (month end) and the billing cycle (varying dates each billing period).

#### 3) Due to/Due from

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of inter-fund loans.) All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

### 4) Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories are valued at cost (using average cost) in governmental type funds and the lower of cost (weighted average) or market in business-type funds. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

## 5) Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position or balance sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (continued)

#### 6) Capital assets

Capital assets, which include land, roads and parking lots, buildings and structures, improvements other than buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure assets, and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the governmentwide financial statements. The City capitalizes equipment and improvements having an estimated useful life in excess of one year and acquisition cost of at least \$ 5,000.

All capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost, if actual cost is unavailable, except for donated assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the useful lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method. When capital assets are disposed, the cost and applicable accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts, and the resulting gain or loss is recorded in operations.

Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

	Years
Buildings, structures and improvements	20-50
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3-20
Roads and streets	50
Storm sewers and drainage ditches	30

### 7) Compensated absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave and related fringe benefits. The cost of earned but unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide statements. A liability for earned but unused sick leave is accrued only to the extent that the leave will result in cash payments at termination. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, due to employee retirement. Compensated absences cannot be segregate between current and long-term. Therefore, the entire amount is shown as long-term.



## 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (continued)

8) Long-term debt and deferred debt expense

In the government-wide financial statements, outstanding long-term debt is reported as a liability. Bond discounts or premiums are capitalized and amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using the straight-line method.

The governmental fund financial statements recognize debt proceeds and premiums as other financing sources of the current period. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9) Equity classifications

Government-wide statements - Equity is classified as net assets and displayed in three components:

- a. *Invested in capital assets, net of related debt* Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net assets with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Unrestricted net position* All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."
- 10) Fund statements Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as reserved or unreserved, with unreserved further split between designated and undesignated.
  - a. Non-spendable Fund Balance Fund balances reported as non-spendable in the accompanying financial statements represent amounts for permanent fund principal restrictions, inventory, prepaid expenditures, advances to other funds and noncurrent notes receivables.
  - b. Restricted Fund Balance Fund balances reported as restricted are the result of externally imposed restrictions placed upon current resources by state statutes, creditors, bond covenants, donors or grantors.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (continued)

- c. Committed Fund Balance Fund balances reported as committed are self-imposed restrictions placed upon certain resources by the City Council through the adoption of an ordinance and cannot be used for any other purpose unless formal action is approved by the City Council.
- d. Assigned Fund Balance Fund balances reported as assigned are intended for certain purposes as approved by City Council, or management. City Council has a fund balance policy that allows assigned amounts to be re-assigned by City Council, or management.
- Unassigned Fund Balance In accordance with GAAP, the general fund is the only governmental fund that reports an unassigned fund balance. The unassigned fund balance has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the general fund.

When committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance amounts are available for use, it is the City's policy to use the committed fund balance first; the assigned fund balance second; and then the unassigned fund balance, as they are needed.

Stabilization Arrangement - The City has a fund balance policy established by the City Council that requires the general fund to maintain a minimum unrestricted fund balance of 25% of ensuing year's appropriated general fund expenditures. The fund has been established for the purposes of setting aside amounts for use in specific and non-routine situations, which include certain emergency and urgent situations, giving the Mayor power to resolve any issues at hand. Utilization of these funds must be reported to the City Council at the next Council meeting. In the event that the balance drops below the established minimum level, the City Council will develop a plan to replenish the Financial Stabilization Account balance to the established minimum. For the current fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, the City met the minimum general fund balance policy.

#### 11) Revenues

Sales Tax

The City levies tax on taxable sales within the City. Sales tax applicable to the month of September, but not received until after year-end are recorded as a receivable on both the government-wide and the fund financial statements.



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION/FUND BALANCE (continued)

#### Property taxes

Property taxes are levied and are due and payable on October 1 of each year and may be paid without penalty through December 31. All unpaid taxes on real and personal property become delinquent on January 2 of the year following the year in which the taxes were levied. Penalties, interest and late fees are assessed on all payments made after December 31. On the first Monday in April of each year a tax auction for real property is held at which a certificate is sold at auction for properties on which the taxes are delinquent.

## 12) Use of estimates and reclassifications

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 13) Postemployment benefits

Postemployment healthcare benefits other than pension benefits are reported and accounted for under "GASB STATEMENT NO. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans other than pension plans" and GASB STATEMENT NO. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions.

Benefits Other than Pensions, which establishes standards for the measurement, recognition, and display of postemployment healthcare benefits expense and related liabilities, assets, and note disclosures, as further described in Note 13 and, if applicable, required supplementary information.

#### 14) Pensions

The Employees' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to the plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.



# 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## E. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The City's financial statements are prepared in accordance with standards promulgated by the GASB. The status of the City's adoption of recently-issued GASB standards is as follows:

## Pronouncements issued, but not yet effective, which will be adopted by the City in future years:

GASB Statement No 84, Fiduciary Activities. The statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments and will enhance comparability of financial statements through this added criteria and clarity of whether and how business-type activities should report fiduciary activities. The requirements for this statement are effective in the period beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period. The objectives of this statement are to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB Statement No 90, Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No.14 and No. 61. The objectives of this statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB Statement No 91, Conduit Debt Obligations. The objectives of this statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB Statement No 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates. The objectives of this statement are to address accounting and financial reporting implications that result from the replacement of an IBOR. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2021.

Management is in the process of determining the effects that the adoption of these statements will have on the City's basic financial statements.



# 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS E. ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (continued)

Certain differences exist between the governmental fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. These differences relate to differences between the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the fund financial statements and the accrual basis of accounting used in the government-wide financial statements and to the consolidation of the internal service funds into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Reconciliations between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position and between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities are shown on pages 21 and 24, respectively.

## 3. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

**Budget Development and Adoption** 

The City follows these procedures in establishing the general fund fund-level budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Mayor submits to the City Council for approval, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year beginning October 1. The operating budget is only for the General Fund and includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Any revisions to the budget must be approved by the City Council. The budget is normally modified one or more times during the course of the fiscal year.
- c. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbered appropriations remain in effect and are incorporated into the next fiscal year budget.

#### 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. Deposits exceeding \$250,000 are made to banks participating in the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Program (SAFE Program). In the State of Alabama, all public funds are protected through a collateral pool administered by the Alabama State Treasurer. Banks holding deposits belonging to the state, counties, cities or agencies of any of these entities must pledge securities as collateral against those deposits. In the event of the failure of a bank, securities pledged by that bank would be liquidated by the State Treasurer to replace the public deposits. If the securities pledged failed to produce adequate funds for that purpose, then every bank participating in the pool would share the liability for the remaining balance.



## 4. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Custodial and Concentration of Credit Risk

Each of the banks containing more than \$250,000 of the City of Muscle Shoals' deposits has been designated by the State Treasurer as a qualified public depository.

At September 30, 2021, the City's cash was protected as follows:

Amount Covered by FDIC Insurance	\$	250,000
Amount Collateralized (through the SAFE Act)	<u>1</u>	<u>8,967,624</u>
Total cash balances	<u>\$ 1</u>	9,217,624

#### 5. RECEIVABLES

The City's general fund receivables from other governments consisted of the following at September 30, 2021:

Due from State of Alabama (Sales Tax)	\$ 1,441,180
Other	 550,260
Total	\$ 1,991,440

#### 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Depreciation expense is included in the functional expenses in the Statement of Activities as follows:

Function	Depreciation		
General Government	\$	220,776	
Police		200,337	
Fire		182,527	
Public Works		577,551	
Storm Drainage		773,112	
Recreation		37 <u>1,885</u>	
Total depreciation expense	\$	2,326,188	



## 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

A summary of capital assets follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being				- Datanees
depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,520,574	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,520,574
Art	78,810	-	` <u>-</u>	78,810
Construction in progress	1,268,577	99,115	1,268,577	•
Total assets not being				99,115
depreciated	8,867,961	99,115	1,268,577	7,698,499
Capital assets being				
depreciated				
Buildings	17,614,816	_		17 (14 04 (
Infrastructures	29,638,945	3,383,920	-	17,614,816
Land Improvements	13,669,047	5,005,720	-	33,022,865
Equipment	16,422,335	428,640	65.266	13,669,047
Total Capital assets being			65,266	16,785,709
depreciated	77,345,143	3,812,560	65,266	81,092,437
Accumulated Depreciation	_ (37,982,916)	(2,326,188)	(45,613)	(40,263,491)
Total capital assets being				(10,200,171)
depreciated, net	39,362,227	1,486,372	19,653	40,828,946
Governmental activities		·		
capital assets, net	\$ 48,230,188	\$ 1,585,487	\$1,288,230	\$ 48,527,445

#### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

The City's Debt consists of the following:

General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2014-C (May 1)

On May 1, 2014 the City issued \$9,660,000 of General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2014-C. These tax-exempt warrants mature from 2015 to 2025 and bear interest at rates from 1.50 to 2.50% and were issued to refund \$9,585,433 of the General Obligation Warrants, Series 2004 and to provide \$673,074 in Capital Improvements.



### 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

# General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2015-B (June 1)

On June 1, 2015 the City issued \$500,000 of General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2015-B. These tax-exempt warrants mature from 2015 to 2025 and bear interest at rates from 2.75 to 3.25% and were issued to refund \$421,689 of the General Obligation Warrants, Series 2006-A Warrants dated March 1, 2006 and November 1, 2006, and pay issuance expenses of \$78,311.

## General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2018 (February 28)

On February 28, 2018 the City issued \$3,655,000 of General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2018. These tax-exempt warrants mature from 2015 to 2031 and bear interest at rates of 1.50-3.50% and were issued to provide \$3,500,000 in Capital Improvements and pay issuance expenses of \$108,000.

# General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2021-A (May 5)

On May 5, 2021 the City issued \$7,495,000 of General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2021-B. These tax-exempt warrants mature from 2025 to 2030 and bear interest at rates of 1.37- 3.0% and were issued refund the City's 2015-A Warrants.

## General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2021-B (May 5)

On May 5, 2021 the City issued \$4,495,000 of General Obligation Refunding Warrants, Series 2018. These tax-exempt warrants mature from 2022 to 2031 and bear interest at rates of 1.45-4.0% and were issued to provide refund the City's 2014-A, 2015-C and a portion of the 2014-C Warrants.

The following summarizes the changes in the City's debt for the year ended September 30, 2021:

General Obligation Warrants	]	Beginning Balance	<u>I</u>	ncreases	<u>_</u>	Reductions	 Ending Balance	_	urrent turities
Series 2014-A	\$	935,000	\$	-	\$	935,000	\$ -	\$	-
Series 2014-C	•	4,710,000		_		3,660,000	1,050,000	1,	,050,000
Series 2015-A		8,105,000		-		8,105,000	<del>-</del>		-
Series 2015-B		420,000		-		80,000	340,000		80,000
Series 2015-C		1,250,000		-		1,250,000	-		-
Series 2018		3,465,000		-		95,000	3,370,000		100,000
Series 2021-A		- -		7,495,000		-	7,495,000		-
Series 2021-B		-		4,495,000			 4,495,000		200,000
Total Warrants	\$	18,885,000	\$ :	11,990,000	\$	14,125,000	\$ 16,750,000	\$ 1	,430,000

Total interest expense paid during the fiscal year was \$ 573,946.



## 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The total debt service (individually and combined) for all long-term debt follows:

Fiscal	Series	2014-C			Series 2	Series 2015-B			Series 2018			
Year	<u>Principal</u>	]	Interest		Principal	]	nterest		Principal		Interest	
2022	\$ 1,050,000	\$	22,050	\$	80,000	\$	10,140	\$	100,000	\$	103,828	
2023	-		-		85,000		8,060	·	100,000	Ψ	101,828	
2024	_		-		85,000		5,425		100,000		99,578	
2025	-		-		90,000		2,790		105,000		97,328	
2026	_		-		-		-		105,000		94,703	
2027-2031	-		-		-		-		930,000		418,525	
2032-2036	-		-		-		-		1,330,000		240,373	
2037-2040									600,000		31,528	
Totals	\$ 1,050,000	\$	22,050	\$	340,000	\$	26,415	\$	3,370,000	\$ :	1,187,688	

	Series 2021-A		Series 2021-A Series 2021-B			
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Total Co Principal	Interest
2022	-	209,900	200,000	145,050	1,430,000	490,968
2023	-	209,900	1,200,000	141,050	1,385,000	460,838
2024	-	209,900	1,255,000	93,050	1,440,000	407,953
2025	605,000	209,900	605,000	42,850	1,405,000	352,868
2026	1,260,000	191,750	-	24,700	1,365,000	311,153
2027-2031	5,630,000	371,150	1,235,000	123,500	7,795,000	913,175
2032-2036	-	-	-	-	1,330,000	240,373
2037-2040	_				600,000	31,528
Totals	\$ 7,495,000	\$ 1,402,500	\$ 4,495,000	\$ 570,200	\$ 16,750,000	\$ 3,208,853



## 8. INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

During the year, the City transferred money between funds, mostly from the general to other funds. These transfers were for several purposes such as providing funds for debt service and to provide match money to comply with the terms of grant agreements.

The transfers were primarily used for the payment of debt service and capital outlay.

Interfund transfers consisted of the following:

Fund	То	From
General Fund	\$ 268,997	\$ 3,775,500 268,895
Municipal Court Fund Half Cent Sales Tax	- 1,966,871	21,215
CDBG	21,215	- 102
Debt Service	1,808,629	\$ 4,065,712
	\$ 4,065,712	\$ 4,000,712

Due from Municipal Court Fund to General Fund \$21,586

## 9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City, from time to time is a party of litigation. At the date of this report, there were no significant threatening lawsuits which were deemed necessary to disclose or record as a liability in these financial statements.



# 10. EQUITY INTEREST IN JOINT VENTURE (NORTH ALABAMA GAS DISTRICT)

The City of Muscle Shoals owns approximately 50 percent of the North Alabama Gas District (the Gas District) and the City of Madison, Alabama owns the remainder. The government-wide financial statements reflect the City of Muscle Shoals' equity in the Gas District, in the amount of \$24,553,427. The fund-level financial statements only report the earnings distributions received from the Gas District during the year (\$389,248). The distribution ratio is based on the percentage of gas sales in the respective areas of the two owners of the Gas District that is, the City of Muscle Shoals and the City of Madison, Alabama. The government-wide financial statements reflect an increase in the investment in the Gas District of \$1,690,899.

The financial statements of North Alabama Gas District may be obtained at their office located at: 602 Dearborn St Muscle Shoals, AL

### 11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City had the following material transactions with related parties during the year ended September 30, 2021:

*Muscle Shoals Utility Board* – This component unit provides water and sewer service to the City at market rates. At September 30, 2021, the Board owed the city \$ 0.

Muscle Shoals Electric Board – The Board, a component unit of the city, (a) provides electricity to the city at normal market rates, (b) collected on behalf of and remitted to the city \$ 1,279,758 of garbage revenues collected and (c) paid the city \$ 902,244 of tax equivalents. At September 30, 2021, the Electric Board owed the city a total of \$41,127. The City owed the Electric Board nothing at year-end.

*Muscle Shoals Board of Education* - The City appropriated \$1,341,444 to the Board of Education (a component unit) during the year. At September 30, 2021, the Board owed the city \$10,968 for miscellaneous items.

Shoals Solid Waste Disposal Authority – The Authority, jointly governed by Muscle Shoals and three other governments, was paid \$243,144 for landfill services provided to the City. The City and the other three joint governors are charged special rates for landfill services, which are lower than that charged the public.

The City jointly governs, with several other governmental organizations, the Colbert County Animal Control and Northwest Alabama Airport Authority. There have been no material transactions with these organizations, other than the City's annual appropriations to them.



#### 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN

#### Plan description

The ERS, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement plan, was established as of October 1, 1945, pursuant to the *Code of Alabama 1975, Title 36, Chapter 27* (Act 515 of the Legislature of 1945). The purpose of the ERS is to provide retirement allowances and other specified benefits for state employees, State Police, and, on an elective basis, to all cities, counties, towns, and quasi-public organizations. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of ERS is vested in its Board of Control which consists of 13 trustees. The Plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). The *Code of Alabama 1975, Title 36, Chapter 27* grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the ERS Board of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.rsa-al.gov.

The ERS Board of Control consists of 13 trustees as follows:

- 1) The Governor, ex officio.
- 2) The State Treasurer, ex officio.
- 3) The State Personnel Director, ex officio.
- 4) The State Director of Finance, ex officio.
- 5) Three vested members of ERS appointed by the Governor for a term of four years, no two of whom are from the same department of state government nor from any department of which an ex officio trustee is the head.
- 6) Six members of ERS who are elected by members from the same category of ERS for a term of four years as follows:
  - a. Two retired members with one from the ranks of retired state employees and one from the ranks of retired employees of a city, county, or a public agency each of whom is an active beneficiary of ERS.
  - Two vested active state employees.
  - c. Two vested active employees of an employer participating in ERS pursuant to the *Code of Alabama 1975, Section 36-27-6.*

#### Benefits provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the ERS. Benefits for ERS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. State employees who retire after age 60 (52 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Local employees who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 or 30 years of service (regardless of age),



### 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

Benefits provided (continued)

depending on the particular entity's election, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.875% for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method. Under the formula method, members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.875% for each year of State Police service in computing the formula method.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 ERS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 (56 for State Police) with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the ERS (except State Police) are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. State Police are allowed 2.375% for each year of state police service in computing the formula method.

Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical Board to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending September 30 are paid to the beneficiary.

The ERS membership includes approximately 78,256 participants. As of September 30, 2020, membership consisted of:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	24,418
Terminated employees entiltled to, but not receiving benefits	1,192
Terminated employees not entitled to a benefit	24,453
Post-DROP participants who are still in active service	237
Active members	27,956
Total	
Iotal	78,256



#### 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

#### Contributions

Covered members of the ERS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, covered members of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation. State Police of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. ERS local participating employers are not required by statute to increase contribution rates for their members.

Tier 2 covered members of the ERS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the ERS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the ERS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. Tier 2 State Police members of the ERS contribute 10% of earnable compensation. These contributions rates are the same for Tier 2 covered members of ERS local participating employers.

The ERS establishes rates based upon an actuarially determined rate recommended by an independent actuary. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability, the preretirement death benefit, and administrative expenses of the Plan. For the year ended September 30, 2021 (or other year-end if not September), the City's active employee contribution rate was 11.68 percent of covered employee payroll, and the City's average contribution rate to fund the normal and accrued liability costs was 13.3%.

City's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2021, was 13.67% of pensionable pay for Tier 1 employees, and 10.42% of pensionable pay for Tier 2 employees. These required contribution rates are based upon the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2017, a percent of annual pensionable payroll, and actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the City were for the year ended September 30, 2021.



## 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

#### Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as September 30, 2019, rolled forward to September 30, 2020, using standard roll-forward techniques as shown in the following table:

			 L Roll-Forward		
		Expected	 ctual Before ct 2019-132		Actual After act 2019-132
(a)	Total Pension Liability as of	пирессец	 CC 2019-132		ict 2019-132
	September 30, 2019	\$ 35,619,190	\$ 36,438,374	\$	36,789,702
(b)	Discount rate	7.70%	7.70%		7.70%
(c)	Entry age normal cost for the period October 1, 2019 through				,,,
	September 30, 2020	592,584	592,584		655,307
(d)	Transfers Among Employers:	-	(276,618)		(276,618)
(e)	Actual benefit payments and refunds for the period October 1,				
	2019 through September 30, 2020	(2,232,283)	 (2,232,283)		(2,232,283)
(f)	Total Pension Liability as of September 30, $2020 = [(a) x (1+(b))] + (c) + (d) + [(e) x (1+0.5)]$			-	
	*(b))]	\$ 36,636,226	\$ 37,241,868	\$	37,682,972
(g) (h)	Difference between Expected and Actual: Less Liability Transferred for Immediate		\$ 605,642		
	Recognition	-	 (276,618)		
(i)	Experience $(Gain)/Loss = (g) - (h)$		\$ 882,260		
***	Difference between Actual TPL	-			
(j)	Before and After Act 2019-132 0				
	Benefit Change (Gain)/Loss			\$	441,104

#### Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2020 was determined based on the annual actuarial funding valuation report prepared as of September 30, 2019. The key actuarial assumptions are summarized below:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% - 5.00%
Investment rate of return *	7.70%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of pension plan investment expense



#### 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the sex distinct RP-2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table Projected with Scale BB to 2020 with an adjustment of 125% at all ages for males and 120% for females ages 78 and older. The rates of mortality for the period after disability retirement are according to the sex distinct RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table Projected with Scale BB to 2020 with an adjustment of 130% at all ages for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the September 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2010 – September 30, 2015.

Based on those assumptions, each employer's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL and a municipal bond rate was not used in determining the discount rate.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log- normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by

adding expected inflation.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class, as provided by the System, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return*
Fixed Income	17.00 %	4.4 %
US Large Stocks	32.00 %	8.0 %
US Mid Stocks	9.00 %	10.0 %
US Small Stocks	4.00 %	11.0 %
Int'l Developed Mkt Stocks	12.00 %	9.5 %
Int'l Emerging Mkt Stocks	3.00 %	11.0 %
Alternatives	10.00 %	10.1 %
Real Estate	10.00 %	7.5 %
Cash Equivalents	3.00 %	1.5 %
Total	100.00 %	

<sup>\*</sup> Includes assumed inflation of 2.50%



## 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL at September 30, 2020 was the long-term rate of return, 7.70 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the rates currently in effect and that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the funding policy adopted by the Board of Control. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected for all years.

### Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability (a)	lan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension ability (Asset) (a)-(b)
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$ 35,619,190	\$ 24,654,263	\$ 10,964,927
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	592,584		592,584
Interest	2,656,735		2,656,735
Change of benefit terms Changes of assumptions	441,104		441,104
Difference between expected and			
actual difference	882,260		882,260
Contributions - employer	ŕ	852,157	(852,157)
Contributions - employee		422,853	(422,853)
Net investment income		1,373,556	(1,373,556)
Benefit payments, including refunds		, ,,,,,,,,	(2,070,000)
of employee contributions	(2,232,283)	(2,232,283)	_
Administrative expense			_
Transfers among employers	(276,618)	(276,618)	-
Net changes	2,063,782	139,665	1,924,117
Balances at September 30, 2020	\$ 37,682,972	\$ 24,793,928	\$ 12,889,044



## 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

The following table presents the City's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.70%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.70%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.70%) than the current rate (dollar amounts in thousands):

	1% Decrease (6.70%)	_	rent Discount ate (7.70%)	_	% Increase (8.70%)
City of Muscle Shoals' net pension liability	\$ 17,212,668	\$	12,889,044	\$	9,248,640

## Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 68 Report for the ERS prepared as of September 30, 2020. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position by Employer and accompanying notes detail by employer and in aggregate additional information needed to comply with GASB 68. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at <a href="http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/">http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/</a>.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions of the following sources:

	Deferred			
•	Outflows of Resources			oflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	952,363 398,758	\$	429,404 -
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments		783,019		-
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		950,381		-
Total	\$	3,084,521	\$	429,404



# 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended	
September 30	
2022	322,413
2023	466,418
2024	487,084
2025	278,918
2026	149,903
Thereafter	_

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,620,762 as follows:

PENSION EXPENSE		
Service Cost	\$	592,584
Interest on the total pension liability	4	2,656,735
Current-period benefit changes		441,104
Expensed portion of current-period difference between expected and		771,107
actual experience in the total pension liability		149,536
Expensed portion of current-period changes of assumptions		
Member contributions		(422,853)
Projected earnings on plan investments		(1,850,873)
Expensed portion of current-period differences between actual and		( ,
projected earnings on plan investments		95,463
Transfers among employers		75,703
Recognition of beginning deferred outflows of resources as pension		-
expense		182,620
Recognition of beginning deferred inflows of resources as pension		
expense		(223,554)
Pension Expense (Income)	_\$_	1,620,762



## 12. DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (continued)

Membership	
Retired Members or their beneficiaries currently	99
receiving benefits	4
Vested inactive members	19
Non-vested inactive members	195
Active members	
Post-DROP retired members still in active service	
Total	317

## 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

#### **Plan Description**

The City provides (defined-benefit plan) medical benefits to its retirees. Medical benefits are provided under the following two options until the retiree or dependent is eligible for Medicare coverage with SU bearing full cost.

## Summary of Main Plan Provisions

#### Eligibility for Allowance

An employee is considered to be a retired employee of the Retirement Systems of Alabama under the following Tiers:

Tier I (for those hired before 1/1/2013):

- Retiree has 25 years of credible service, regardless of age, or
- Retiree has 10 years of service and is 60 years old or is determined disabled by the Social Security Administration or the Retirement Systems of Alabama's Medical Board.

Tier II (for those hired on or after 1/1/2013):

 Retiree has 10 years of service and is 62 years old (56 years old for a full-time certified firefighter, police officer, or correction officer) or is determined disabled by the Social Security Administration or the Retirement Systems of Alabama's Medical Board.



## 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

#### Plan Description (continued)

#### Amount of Allowance

Employees who retire from the City with a minimum of twenty-five (25) years of creditable service with the City of Muscle Shoals can continue single medical/vision coverage under the same conditions as active employees. Currently the premium for medical, vision, and prescription coverage is \$0 for single coverage and \$334 for family coverage. Dental coverage is \$5 for single coverage and \$14 per month for family coverage.

Employees who retire with at least 15 years of service to the City and are at least 60 years of age upon retirement will be eligible for medical, vision, prescription, and dental coverage provided the retiree pays the entire premium. The premium for medical, vision, and prescription coverage is \$224 per month for single coverage and \$558 per month for family coverage. Dental coverage is \$20 per month for single coverage and family coverage is \$61 per month.

Medical, vision, prescription, and dental coverage terminates when the retiree or covered dependent turns 65, or otherwise becomes eligible for Medicare.

The City provides whole life insurance coverage for all full-time employees and retirees. Employees with a date of hire after 10/1/1975 receive \$10,000 in coverage. For employees hired prior to 10/1/1975, the coverage amounts were based upon pay, age, years of service, etc. Department heads receive \$30,000 in coverage. The coverage continues in force after retirement if the retiree has at least 10 years of service with the City and vested for at least 10 years with the RSA. The City pays the monthly premium for all employees and retirees. Upon retirement, the employee can "cash out" the policy and receive the accumulated cash value or retain the policy with the City paying the premium until death.

#### Dependent Coverage

Dependents of eligible retirees can participate in the plan, but the premium must be paid by the retiree. Dependent coverage ends once the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare, once the dependent becomes eligible for Medicare, or upon the death of the retiree, whichever occurs first.

Representative Monthly Retiree Premium Amounts

The following is the monthly cost of dental coverage by tier. The effective date of coverage is October 1, 2020:

Retiree Only

\$ 22.35

Retiree & Spouse

\$68.36



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Summary of Key Actuarial Assumptions, Methods

The following information has been provided for the purpose of satisfying the disclosure requirements related to the actuarial assumptions and other inputs used in the measurement of the TOL. The complete set of actuarial assumptions and other inputs utilized in developing the TOL are outlined in Schedule C. The TOL was determined based on an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, using the following key actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Inflation	2.50% 0.25%
Real wage growth	2.75%
Wage inflation Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.25% - 6.00%
Long-term Investment Rate of Return, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	3.00%
Municipal Bond Index Rate	2.21%
Prior Measurement Date Measurement Date	2.26%
Year FNP is projected to be depleted Prior Measurement Date Measurement Date	2023 2027
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including price inflation	
Prior Measurement Date	2.22%
Measurement Date	2.27%
Health Care Cost Trends Pre-Medicare	7.00% for 2020 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% by 2030
Dental	4.00%
Vision	2.50%



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions used to measure TOL (continued)

The discount rate used to measure the TOL was based upon the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Mortality Plans Mortality Tables, with adjustments for AL ERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2020, with an adjustment of 66-2/3% to the table beginning in year 2019.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the September 30, 2020 valuation were based on the actuarial experience study for the period October 1, 2015 – September 30, 2020, and were submitted to and adopted by the Board of the Employees' Retirement System of Alabama on September 14, 2021.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the September 30, 2020 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience performed concurrently with the September 30, 2020 valuation.

Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant may cover a shorter investment horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding OPEB plans which are likely to cover a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

As of the most recent adoption of the current long-term rate of return by the Plan, the target asset allocation for each major asset class, as provided by the Plan, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target
	_Allocation
Cash and Cash Equivalents	100%



### 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Discount Rate (SEIR)

The discount rate used to measure the TOL as of the Measurement Date was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was performed in accordance with GASB 74. The projection's basis was an actuarial valuation performed as of September 30, 2020. In addition to the actuarial methods and assumptions of the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation, the following actuarial methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total payroll for the initial projection year consists of the payroll of the active membership
  present on the valuation date. In subsequent projection years, total payroll was assumed to
  increase annually using the payroll growth assumptions.
- Active employees do not explicitly contribute to the Plan.
- Benefit payments are assumed to be paid out of the Trust until the Trust is depleted.
- Additional contributions to the Trust were not assumed to be made.
- Cash flows occur mid-year.

Based on these assumptions, the Plan's FNP was projected to be depleted in 2027 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination of the SEIR. Here, the long-term expected rate of return of 3.00% on Plan investments was applied to periods through 2027 and the Municipal Bond Index Rate at the Measurement Date (2.26%) was applied to periods on and after 2027, resulting in an SEIR at the Measurement Date (2.27%). As a result of the change to the Municipal Bond Index Rate, there was a change in the discount rate from 2.22% at the Prior Measurement Date to 2.27% at the Measurement Date.

The FNP projections are based upon the Plan's financial status on the Valuation Date, the indicated set of methods and assumptions, and the requirements of GASB 74. As such, the FNP projections are not reflective of the cash flows and asset accumulations that would occur on an ongoing plan basis, reflecting the impact of future members. Therefore, the results of this test do not necessarily indicate whether or not the fund will actually run out of money, the financial condition of the Plan, or the Plan's ability to make benefit payments in future years.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following exhibit presents the NOL of the Plan, calculated using the health care cost trend rates, as well as what the Plan's NOL would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate.



## 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Heath Care Cost Trent Rate Sensitivity					
		1%		****	1%
	De	crease	Current		Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 11	,423,794	\$13,344,776	\$	15,690,443

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Discount Rates

The following exhibit presents the NOL of the Plan, calculated using the discount rate of 2.27%, as well as what the Plan's NOL would be if it were calculated using a Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate Sensitivity					
	1%		1%		
	Decrease	Current	Increase		
	1.27%	2.27%	3.27%		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 14,985,723	\$13,344,776	\$ 11,885,732		

Change in Net OPEB Liability (NOL)

The following table shows the development of the TOL, FNP and NOL from the prior measurement date to the current measurement date.

	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)
Balance as of September 30, 2020	\$ 14,066,636	\$1,321,743	\$12,744,893
Changes for the year:			·
Service Cost at the end of the year *	611,711	-	611,711
Interest on TOL and Cash Flows	309,411	<u>.</u>	309,411
Change in benefit terms	1,913,783	-	1,913,783
Difference between expected and actual	(676,280)	-	(676,280)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(1,298,562)	-	(1,298,562)
Contributions - employer	-	259,867	(259,867)
Contributions - non-employer	_	_	(20),007
Net investment income	-	313	(313)
Benefit payments	(259,867)	(259,867)	(313)
Plan administrative expenses		(_00,00,	_
Other	_	-	
Net changes	600,196	313	599,883
Balance as of September 30, 2021	\$14,666,832	\$1,322,056	\$13,344,776
		,=,= 0	Ψ ±0,0 ± 1,7 7 U



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

- \* The service cost includes interest for the year.
- \*\*Employer contributions and benefit payments include benefit payment amounts paid outside the Trust.

Changes in benefit terms since prior measurement date:

- The City has elected Act 2019-132. Tier 2 employees must retire under the same eligibility requirements as Tier 1 employees to receive OPEB benefits.
- Changes to assumptions or other inputs:
- The decremental and salary increase assumptions have been updated based on the most Recent AL ERS experience analysis.
- Change in medical trend
- Change in discount rate

Deferred Inflows of Resources and Deferred Outflows of Resources

The following table provides a summary of the Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources as of September 30, 2021:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$ 43,107 2,044,663	\$ 982,473 1,461,361
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investements	51,533	
Total Deferrals	\$ 2,139,303	\$ 2,443,834

Schedule of the Recognition of Deferred Outflows / (Inflows) of Resources in OPEB Expense
Amounts reported as Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB Expense as follows:



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

## Measurement Period Ended

September 30,	
2022	\$ 13,328
2023	\$ 8,899
2024	\$ 6,022
2025	\$ 17,292
2026	\$ 78,116
Thereafter	\$ (428,188)

## OPEB Expense

The calculation of the investment gain or loss is shown in the following table:

# Investment Earnings (Gain) Loss

		-	
a)	Expected asset return rate for prior year		2.000/
b)	Beginning of year market value of assets		3.00%
c)	End of year market value of assets		1,321,743
d)	Expected return on beginning assets for plan year		1,322,056
e)	External cash flow (mid-year payments assumed):		39,652
	Contributions - employer*		259,867
	Contributions - active member		237,007
	Refunds of contributions		-
	Benefit payments*		- (0=0.0.1=)
	Administrative expenses		(259,867)
	Other		-
	Total external cash flow		
f)	Expected return on external cash flow		-
g)	Projected earnings for plan year (d+f)		-
h)	Net investment income (c-b-e)		39,652
	Investment earnings (gain) loss (g-h)		313
,	ostment curmings (gain) ioss (g-n)		39,339

 $<sup>^{*}</sup>$ Employer contributions and benefit payments include benefit payment amounts paid outside the Trust.



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

OPEB Expense (continued)

The calculation of the OPEB Expense (OE) for the year ended September 30, 2021 is shown in the following table:

Service Cost at end of year*	\$ 611,711 309,411
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability and Cash Flow	1,913,783
Current-period benefit changes	1,710,.00
Expensed portion of current-period difference between	
expected an actual experience in the Total OPEB	(83,595)
Liability	(05,010)
Expensed portion of current-period changes of	(160,514)
assumptions or other inputs	-
Active member contributions	(39,652)
Projected earnings on plan investments	(37,23)
Expensed portion of current-period differences	
between actual and projected earnings on plan	7,868
investments	-
Administrative Costs**	_
Other	
Recognition of beginning Deferred Outflows of	412,389
Resources as OPEB Expense	,-
Recognition of beginning Deferred Inflows of	(162,822)
Resources as OPEB Expense***	 
OPEB Expense	 

The service cost includes interest for the year.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Administrative costs are based on the fees paid from the Trust and any additional to cost paid as reported outside the Trust. Any costs paid outside of Trust may need be included as an employer contribution.



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

### Plan Membership Information

The Plan's membership data was furnished by the City of Muscle Shoals for valuation purposes as of September 30, 2020. The following table summarizes the membership of the Plan as of the September 30, 2020 Valuation Date.

Membership as of September 30, 2020		
Inactive Employees or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits	84	
Inactive Members Entitled To But Not Yet Receiving Benefits	04	
Active Employees	102	
Total Membership	193 277	

Methods and assumptions used in calculations of Actuarially Determined Contributions

The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) amount in the Schedule of Employer Contributions (Schedule A) is calculated with each biennial actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions from the actuarial reports as of September 30, 2020 and prior years were used to determine the contribution amount reported in the schedule. Please refer the actuarial report as of September 30, 2020 for details related to the assumptions and methods used in the most recent ADC determination.

## Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)

The following is the ADC based upon an actuarial valuation dated September 30, 2020. Based on the assumed Long-term Investment Rate of Return as of the valuation date of 3.00%, the valuation shows an Accrued Liability of \$12,798,037. Against this, the plan had \$1,321,743 in assets. When this amount is deducted from the Accrued Liability, there remains \$11,476,294 as the Unfunded Accrued Liability for the Plan. The Unfunded Accrued Liability Amortization Payment in the following ADC was calculated using a 26-year amortization period with level dollar payments. The amortization period will decrease each year. Please see Schedule C, Schedule D, and Schedule F for the complete set of assumptions, methods and plan provisions utilized in developing the ADC applicable for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2022 and September 30, 2023.



# 13. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarially Determined Contribution For Fiscal Years Ending September 30, 2022 and 2023	 
Contribution Component	
Normal Cost	\$ 758,300
Estimated Administrative Fees	_
Unfunded Accrued Liability Amortization Payment	623,266
	\$ 1,381,566
Total Contribution	 

#### 14. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has chosen to purchase commercial insurance to handle all of these risks.

## 15. COMMERCIAL ENTITY TRANSACTIONS

In January 2011, the City took several steps to bring a restaurant entity to a site within the City. The City issued taxable warrants, using the proceeds to purchase and renovate a building formerly occupied by another business.

The building has been leased to the entity with the rental rate set at an amount equivalent to that needed to pay the principal and interest on the warrants over a 20-year term. To further incentivize the entity to locate in Muscle Shoals, the lease payments will be reduced by an amount equal to 50% of the sales tax generated by the business.

In substance the City of Muscle Shoals has merely facilitated the installment purchase of the property by the entity. The lease agreement has all of the characteristics of an installment sale. The lease is non-cancellable and contains a bargain purchase option. After the required lease payments have been made, the entity can purchase the property for \$500.

Accordingly, on the government-wide statements, the City of Muscle Shoals showed a liability for the unpaid balance of the warrants and a corresponding receivable from the entity. The fund level statements show the loan principal and interest payments as current expenditures and the lease payments received from the entity as current income. The balance owed on the Warrants at September 30, 2021, was \$458,562.



# 15. COMMERCIAL ENTITY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The Warrants dated January 19, 2011 in the amount of \$800,000 issued to a local bank bears interest at the rate of 3.8% per annum and matures on January 19, 2031. The service requirements on the Warrant are as follows:

FYE					
September 30	Principal		]	Interest	Total
2022	\$	41,437	\$	16,398	\$ 57,835
2023		43,037		14,798	57,835
2024		44,665		13,170	57,835
2025		46,430		11,405	57,835
2026		48,288		9,547	57,835
Thereafter		234,705		17,499	252,204
Total		458,562	\$	82,817	\$ 541,379

### 16. HEALTH CARE PROGRAM

The City provides healthcare for its employees and their dependents. The policy of the City is to self-insure the Health Care Program. At September 30, 2021 the City was self-insured with a third- party reinsurer providing coverage for claims per individual exceeding \$115,000 annually. The City does not have reinsurance coverage for group aggregate claims.

The actual expense for the healthcare coverage was as follows:

\$1,915,400
\$1,911,444
\$2,048,223
\$2,104,480
\$1,916,899
\$2,332,868
\$2,058,621



#### 17. TAX ABATEMENTS

The City of Muscle Shoals negotiates Amendment 772 sales tax abatements on an individual basis. The City had two abatement agreements with two entities during fiscal year 2021:

Project Description, Abated	Pctg of Taxes Abated	mount Abated
Restaurant chain constructed a new facility Restaurant chain located in an existing building	50% 50%	\$ 50,273 45,424
Total		\$ 95,697

Amendment 772 allows the governing body of any city to use public funds to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire real property, buildings and equipment for industry of any kind. It also allows the city to sell, lease, grant or convey real property, buildings and equipment to any individual, firm, or corporation, public or private, for commercial, industrial, research or service operations.

Amendment 772 allows the City to lend its credit or grant public funds or anything of value to any individual, firm, or corporation, public or private, to promote economic and industrial development within the city. The City may also become indebted for any of purposes as noted in this amendment. In carrying out the purposes of this amendment, the City must conduct a public hearing and adopt a resolution citing the public purposes to be served by the project along with specific details of the project.

The Tax Incentive Reform Act of 1992 (Title 40, Chapter 9B of the Code of Alabama, 1975) provides municipal governments with the ability to provide certain tax incentives to new and existing industry. The incentives provide exemption from Ad Valorem taxes (noneducational) and construction related transaction taxes, except those levied for educational purposes. The exemption for Ad Valorem taxes is authorized for a 10-year period. The Act sets forth the eligibility requirements and the process for granting of the abatements. Following are the abatement agreements applicable to Title 40:

Project Description, Abated	Millage Abated	 Amount Abated	
Tier 1 manufacturer of automotive lighting Inbound Call Center Tooling and die manufacturing	5.5 5.5 5.5	\$ 80,721 382 3,692	
Automotive injection molding components manufacturer	5.5	\$ 10,959 95,754	



## 18. EVALUATION OF SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements are available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management of the City evaluated its activity through July 28, 2022, there were not such events.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

				No. 1999 Control Contr
BIO ZILAY POPULATION	_	2020		2019
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost				
Interest	\$	592,584	\$	613,005
		2,656,735		2,554,476
Changes of benefit terms		441,104		-
Differences between expected and actual experience				
Changes of assumptions		882,260		321,797
Benefit payments, including refunds of		-		_
employee contributions				
Transfers among employers		(2,232,283)		(1,996,493)
Net Change in total pension liability		(276,618)		(46,851)
Total pension liability - beginning		2,063,782		1,445,934
Total pension liability - ending (a)		35,619,190		34,173,256
		37,682,972	\$	35,619,190
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contributions - employer	\$	852,157	\$	831,330
Contributions - member	·	422,853	Ψ	453,072
Net investment income		1,373,556		626,725
Benefit payments, including refunds of		.,,		020,723
employee contributions		(2,232,283)		(1,996,493)
Transfer among employees		(276,618)		(46,851)
Net Change in plan fiduciary net position		139,665		(132,217)
Plan net position - beginning		24,654,263		24,786,480
Plan net position - ending (b)	\$	24,793,928	\$	24,654,263
Net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	12,889,044	\$	10,964,927
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		·	٠	_ 0,0 0 1,0 2,
of the total pension liability		65.80%		69.22%
Covered employee payroll *	\$	7,702,074	\$	
Net pension liability (asset) as a percentage	Ψ	7,704,074	Ф	7,238,107
of covered employee payroll		4.60.000		
, y = p = y = 0.1	·	167.35%		151.49%

<sup>\*</sup> Employer's covered payroll during the measurement period is the total covered payroll. For FY 2021 the measurement period is October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020. GASB issued a statement "Pension Issues" in March 2016 to redefine covered payroll for FY 2017.

Note to schedule: This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, only information for those years available is presented.



						en all productions as	CABAN
	2018		2017	2016	2015		2014
\$	569,288 2,506,109	\$	605,208 2,422,801	\$ 570,188 2,319,060	\$ 552,760 2,236,690	\$	545,427 2,141,482
	-		-	_	-		-
	(537,113)		(30,197)	(585,123)	(261,810)		-
	176,775		-	1,399,593	_		-
	(1,905,567)		(1,591,452)	(1,511,146)	(1,484,876)		(1,508,755)
	74,096		(174,365)	121,278	 		-
	883,588		1,231,995	 2,313,850	1,042,764		1,178,154
	33,289,668		32,057,673	29,743,823	28,701,059		27,522,905
\$	34,173,256	\$	33,289,668	\$ 32,057,673	\$ 29,743,823	\$	<i>28,701,059</i>
<u>*</u>	<u> </u>						
\$	741,572	\$	814,786	\$ 848,920	\$ 753,105	\$	742,144
•	384,931		377,436	379,502	361,847		353,105
	2,129,465		2,684,304	1,971,680	230,487		2,131,301
	(1,905,567)		(1,591,452)	(1,511,146)	(1,484,876)		(1,508,755)
	74,096		(174,365)	 121,278	 (64,560)		(84,906)
	1,424,497		2,110,709	1,810,234	(203,997)		1,632,889
	23,361,983		21,251,274	 19,441,040	 19,645,037		18,012,148
\$	24,786,480	\$	23,361,983	\$ 21,251,274	\$ 19,441,040	\$	19,645,037
\$	9,386,776	\$	9,927,685	\$ 10,806,399	\$ 10,302,783	\$	9,056,022
	72.53%		70.18%	66.29%	65.36%		68.45%
\$	6,770,429	\$	6,707,019	\$ 6,790,034	\$ 6,439,111	\$	6,391,870
	138.64%		148.02%	159.15%	160.00%		141.68%
	130.0-170			 	 		



	···	SCHEDULE O	F EMPLOYER C	ONTRIBUTION	S		
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 950,381	\$ 878,985	\$ 858,112	\$ 765,503	\$ 794,653	\$ 873,998	\$ 742,144
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution *	950,381	878,985	858,112	765,503	794,653	873,998	742,144
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$7,702,074	\$7,523,223	\$7,238,107	\$6,770,429	\$6,707,019	\$6,790,034	\$6,439,111
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	12.34%	11.68%	11,86%	11.31%	11.85%	12 070/	,
			11,0070	11,0170	11.00%	12.87%	11.53%

<sup>\*</sup> Amount of employer contributions related to normal and accrued liability components of employer rate net of any refunds of error service payments. The Schedule of Employer Contributions is based on the 12 month period of the underlying financial statement.

### Notes to Schedule

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of September 30, three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Contributions for fiscal year 2021 were based on the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method

Entry Age

Amortization method

Level percent closed

Remaining amortization pe 27.2 years

Asset valuation method

Five year smoothed market

Inflation

2.750%

Salary increases

3.25 - 5.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.70%, net of pension plan investment expense, including

inflation

<sup>\*\*</sup> Employer's covered payroll during fiscal year is the total covered payroll for the 12 month period of the underlying financial statement.



FUNDING PROGRESS (in thousands of dollars)

Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Date (9/30)         Acsets (a)         Entry Age (UAAL)         (UAAL)         Ratio (a / b)         Payroll (b-a) (c)         Payroll (b-a)/c)           2014         18,460         27,737         9,277         66.6%         6,439         144.1%           2015         19,663         28,801         9,138         68.3%         6,551         139.5%           2016         3         21,217         31,698         10,481         66.9%         6,948         150.8%           2017         3         22,669         32,792         10,123         69.1%         6,558         154.4%           2019         24,951         36,438         11,487         68.5%         7,116         161.4%           2019         2         24,951         36,464         11,513         68.4%         7,116         161.8%			FUND	ING PROGRE	55 (in thousa	ius of dona		
	Valuation Date (9/30) 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	3	Actuarial Value of Assets (a) 18,460 19,663 21,217 22,669 23,985 24,951	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b) 27,737 28,801 31,698 32,792 34,472 36,438	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)  9,277 9,138 10,481 10,123 10,487 11,487	Funded Ratio (a / b) 66.6% 68.3% 66.9% 69.1% 69.6% 68.5%	Covered Payroll (c) 6,439 6,551 6,948 6,558 7,199 7,116	Pctg of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c) 144.1% 139.5% 150.8% 154.4% 145.7% 161.4%

- 1-Reflects liability for cost of living benefit increases granted on or after October 1, 1978.
- 2-Reflects the impact of Act 2011-676, which increases the member contribution rates by
- 2.25% beginning October 1, 2011 and by an additional 0.25% beginning October 1, 2012.
- 3-Reflects changes in actuarial assumptions.

The actuarial value of assets was set to equal to the market value of assets as of September 30, 2012.

Market Value of Assets as of September 30, 2019 was \$ 24,654,260.



### NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

Required Employer Contribution Rates (	CD CC	
Continuum Rates	Effective Octobor 1	2020)
	[	Z41Z111

	ates (Effective October 1, 202	20)
Tier 1 Employees (applies to all members hired before January 1, 201) Normal cost		Elect to Increase Member Contribution Rate Under Act 2011-676
Accrued liability	3.20%	0.73%
Pre-retirement death benefit	10.10% 0.02%	10.12%
Administrative expense	0.35%	0.02%
Total	13.67%	0.35%
5% employer contribution factor (13.67% / 5%) 6% employer contribution factor (13.67% / 6%)	2.734000 2.278333	11.22%
7.5% employer contribution factor (11.22% / 7.5.%) 8.5% employer contribution factor (11.22% / 8.5%)		1.496000 1.320000
Tier 2 Employees (applies to all members hired on or after January 1, 2013)		1.020000
Normal cost		
Accrued liability	-0.05%	
Pre-retirement death benefit	10.10%	
Administrative expense	0.02%	
Total	0.35% 10.42%	
6% employer contribution for the contribution for t	10.7270	
6% employer contribution factor (10.42% / 6%) 7% employer contribution factor (10.42% / 7%)	1.736666	
10.42% / /%)	1.488571	
Valuation date	9/30/2018	
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	
Amortization method	Level percent closed	
Remaining amortization method Asset valuation method	26.8	
Actuarial assumptions:	5-year smoothed market	
Investment rate of return**		
Projected salary increases**	7.70%	
**(includes inflation at)	3.25-5.00%	
Cost-of-living adjustments	3.0000%	
,	None	



# DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN (NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION)

Collective Deferred Outflows and Inflows

Balance	Deferred Inflows (b) + (d) - (f)
Ending Balance	Deferred Outflows (a) +(c)-(e)  * 92,595 306,163 \$ 398,758
Amounts Recog in	Expense / Deferred Inflow (f) \$ -
Amounts Recog in	Pension Expense / Deferred Outflow (e) \$ 28,060 218,686
	Gains/ Deferred Inflows (d) \$ -
	Losses/ Deferred Outlows (c) \$
Salance	Deferred Inflows (b) \$
Beginning Balance	Deferred Outflows (a) \$ 120,655 524,849 \$ 645,504
·	Amor- tization Period 5.9 6.5 6.3 6.3
	Initial Balance of Gains/ Deferred Inflow
	Initial Balance of Losses/ Deferred Outflow \$ 176,775
	Year 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 Total

Required Supplementary Information City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama September 30, 2021



Collective Deferred Outflows and Inflows (continued)

# Collective Deferred Outflows and Inflows for Differences in Investment Experi

		Amounts - Liming Dalalice	Recogin	Pension	_	Deferred Outflows Inflows	_		÷	. \$ 381,854 \$ .	751,569	69,246	196,491	211,911 - 211,913	84.571		0 \$ 1,133,423 \$ 350.404	\$ 400 COL
	. ·	Amounts	Recog in	Pension	Expense /	Deferred	Outflow	(e)	\$ 95.463	CO1,C)	250,523			1	•			on investm
a					Gains/	Deferred	Inflows	(g	·		1	,	1		•	Đ	-	ial earnings
The state of the s					Losses/	Dererred ĉ	Outlows	(3)	\$ 477,317		•					\$477317		ected and actu
DIFFE TALL OF THE PARTY OF THE	g Balance				Deferred	reici i cu	MOIIUI	(a)	<del>در</del>	J	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20/,/3/	423,824	0 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1/0,70	\$ 716.132		between proje
	Beginning Balance					Deferred	Outflorus (c)	To the country of all	ı <del>∧</del>	1,002.092		İ	ı	,	7 0 0 0 4	\$ 1,002,092		Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments
					Amor-	tization	Period	1011	0.0	5.0	L.	L	0.0	5.0	1	•	l	<b>-</b> 1
			Initial	Balance of				1			346.229	1 050 051	100/2001	422,855				
			Initial	Balance of	Losses/	Deferred	Outflow	\$ 477317	1 2 0 0 0 1	CT0'7C7'T	•							
				-			Year	2020	2019	CT07	2018	2017	7	7070	Total			

			Total	322.413	466.418	487,084	278,918	149,903	1	\$1,704,736
			2020	95,463	95,463	95,463	95,465	•	1	381,854 \$1,704,736
		ins/Losses	2019	250,523	250,523	250,523		•	1	751,569 \$
		Investment Gains/Losses	2018	(69,246)	(69,245)	1	ı		_	\$(138,491) \$ 751,569 \$
nrces			2017	(211,913)	1	ı	ı	1	•	
flows of Resc	6	2016 Changes	2018	28,060	28,060	78,060	6,415	ı	1 C C C	\$ 94,595
mary of Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources	V	2010	2070	218,686	8/,4//	r i		r	\$ 306 162	# 300,103
if Deferred Ou		2020	140 527	149,536	149,330	149.536	134.580	•	\$ 732 724	
Summary o		2019	51 070	51,079	51.079	51,079	15,323	1	\$ 219,639	
	Se	2018	(85.256)	(85,256)	(85,256)	(25,577)	•	ı	* (8,448) *(127,998) \$(11,613) \$(281,345) \$ 219.	
	Actual and Expected Difference	2017	(4,646)	(4,646)	(2,321)	1	,		\$(11,613)	
	tual and Expe	2016	(91,425)	(36,573)	İ	ı	ī		\$(127,998)	
	Ac	2015	(8,448)	ı	ī	ı	1		\$ (8,448)	
Amorti- zation	Year	6	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026 Thomas	Total	וחומו	



The following information is regarding the Other Pensions and Benefits Obligations (OPEB) of the City and was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at September 30, 2021.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability

A 3-year schedule of changes in Net OPEB Liability and related ratios are shown in the following table. The Schedule of changes for the prior years may be obtained from the City's annual financial statements.

	Inding Septem	ember 30				
LODED Lightlity		2021	2020		2019	
Total OPEB Liability – Service Cost at end of year	\$	611,711	\$	542,664	\$	406,689
Interest on the Total OPEB Liability		309,411		338,490		432,188
Changes of benefit terms		1,913,783		-		-
Difference between expected and actual		•				
experience		(676,280)		57,499		(616,399)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	1	(1,298,562)		604,283		2,548,538
Benefit payments*		(259,867)		(400,354)		(418,091)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		600,196		1,142,582		2,352,925
Total OPEB Liability – beginning		14,066,636		12,924,054		10,571,129
Total OPEB Liability – ending (a)		14,666,832		14,066,636		12,924,054
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions – employer** Contributions – non-employer Contributions – active member Net investment income Benefit payments* Administrative expense Other Net change in Plan Fiduciary Net Postion Plan Fiduciary Net Position – beginning		\$ 259,867 - - 313 (259,867) - - 313 1,321,743		\$ 400,354 - - 22,504 (400,354) - - 22,504 1,299,239		\$ 418,091 - 27,586 (418,091) - - 27,586 1,271,653
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – beginning		1,322,056		1,321,743		1,299,239
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – ending (b) Net OPEB Liability –ending (a) – (b)	\$	13,344,776	\$	12,744,893	\$	11,624,815

<sup>\*</sup> The benefit payments shown above include the implicit subsidy, if any, for the year. Net benefit payments paid outside the trust are also included.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Employer contributions include benefit payments and administrative expenses paid outside the



### Other Pensions and Benefits Obligations (OPEB) (continued)

Schedule of the Net OPEB Liability

A 3-year schedule of the Net OPEB Liability and related ratios are shown in the following table. The Schedule of changes for the prior years may be obtained from the City's annual financial statements.

	Fiscal Years Ending September 30				
M . 1 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2021	2020	2019		
Total OPEB Liability (TOL)	\$ 14,666,832	\$ 14,066,636	\$ 12,924,054		
Fiduciary Net Position (FNP)	1,322,056_	1,321,743	1,299,239		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 13,344,776	<i>\$ 12,744,893</i>	\$ 11,624,815		
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	9.01%	9.40%	10.05%		
Covered Payroll	\$ 7,150,807	\$ 6,408,913	\$ 6,408,913		
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll	186.62%	198.86%	181.39%		
Schedule of Employer Contributions					
	Fiscal Y	ear Ending Septen	nber 30		
	2021	2020	2019		
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 1,027,821	\$ 1,027,821	\$ 926,455		
Contributions in relation to the					
Actuarially Determined Contribution	259,867_	400,354	418,091		
Annual contribution deficiency (excess)	767,954	627,467	508,364		
Covered payroll*	\$ 7,150,807	\$ 6,408,913	\$6,408,913		
Actual contributions as a percentage of	. , , , ,	. 0,100,010	Ψ 0,400,913		
covered payroll	3.63%	6.25%	6.52%		

<sup>\*</sup>For years following the valuation date (when no new valuation is performed), covered payroll has been set equal to the covered payroll from the most recent valuation.



If the real Ended September 33, 200		Budgeted	Am	ounts				Variance with Final Budget -		
	(	Original	- Dude		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis			Positive (Negative)		
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE- BEGINNING	\$	11,337,773	\$_	11,337,773	\$	11,337,773	\$			
RESOURCES (INFLOWS):				10 504 500		20,946,577		2,245,077		
Local taxes		18,701,500		18,701,500		1,487,409		55,409		
License, permits and fees		1,432,000		1,432,000		1,151,905		57,505		
Charges for service		1,094,400		1,094,400		384,248		44,248		
Joint Ventures		340,000		340,000		176,872		(75,123)		
Intergovernmental revenue		178,036		251,995		747,867		(328,789)		
Park and recreation		1,076,656		1,076,656		103,346		28,346		
Investment earnings		75,000		75,000		151,442		(57,27 <u>4)</u>		
Miscellaneous _		150,540		208,716				1,969,399		
Total resources (inflows)		23,048,132		23,180,267		25,149,666		1,909,399		
AMOUNTS AVAILABLE FOR		34,385,905		34,518,040_		36,487,439		1,969,399		
APPROPRIATIONS		0.,000,								
EXPENDITURES										
Current:		4,160,383		4,162,078		3,675,127		486,951		
General government		6,524,224		6,534,574		6,302,821		231,753		
Public Safety		2,642,734		2,647,487		2,582,539		64,948		
Public Works		1,692,933		1,735,713		1,798,943		(63,230)		
Health and sanitation		2,693,653		2,693,654		2,460,976		232,678		
Culture and recreation		1,321,000		1,321,000		1,336,490		(15,490)		
Education		417,555		418,152		373,944		44,208		
Miscellaneous		12/,						co === <)		
Debt Service:		38,615		38,615		41,391		(2,776)		
Principal		19,220		19,220		16,446		2,774		
Interest and other charges				72,756		160,743		(87,987)		
Capital Outlay Total Expenditures		19,510,317		19,643,249		18,749,420		893,829		
·	RSY							40.007		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	ردد	260,000	)	260,000		270,827		10,827		
Transfers in		(3,671,073		(3,792,837)	L _	(3,892,036	<u>)</u> _	(99,996)		
Transfers out		(0)0						fon 4 f 03		
Total other financing sources and uses		(3,411,073	3)	(3,532,837)	<u> </u>	(3,621,209	9)	(89,169)		
TOTAL CHARGES TO APPROPRIATIONS (OUTFLOWS)		22,921,39	0	23,176,086		22,370,62	9	804,660		
BUDGETARY FUND BALANCE- ENDING	_ ;	\$ 11,464,51	5	\$ 11,341,954		\$ 14,116,81	<u>o</u>	\$ 2,774,059		

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2021



### NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the general fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States except for encumbrances:

The budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information that was established by the City using the following procedures:

- The Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the forthcoming fiscal year a)
- The City Council in regular session votes to approve the budget and it is legally enacted b) through the passage of a budget ordinance to that affect.

### NOTE 2 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETED AND ACTUAL RESULTS

Sources/inflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"	
from the budgetary comparison schedule	ф. 40 опо от ·
Differences - budget to GAAP:	\$ 42,352,074
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary	
resource but is not a current-year revenue for financial	
report purposes	(14.116.000)
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,	(14,116,809)
expenditures, and changes in fund balance – governmental funds	\$ 28,235,265
Uses/outflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations"	
from the budgetary comparison schedule	<b>.</b>
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues	\$ 24,373,509
expenditures, and changes in fund balance – governmental funds	ф 24.2 <b>5</b> 2.50
governmental funds	\$ 24,373,509

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



	Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts,	,	Variance with Final Budget -
	Original		Final	Budgetary Basis	_ (	Positive Negative)
REVENUES						
Local Taxes						
Ad Valorem - Real Property	\$ 1,080,884	\$	1,080,884	\$ 1.082.515	ф	4 604
Ad Valorem - Personal Property	192,364	4	192,364	\$ 1,082,515 225,481	\$	1,631
Sales Tax	15,205,000		15,205,000	17,133,047		33,117
Alcohol Beverage Tax	367,293		367,293	407,284		1,928,047
Tangible Personal Property Rentals	185,000		185,000	208,204		39,991
Lodging Tax	91,800		91,800	125,533		23,204
Tax Equivalent (Electric Board)	902,244		902,244	902,250		33,733
Gasoline (Local)	551,000		551,000	587,774		6
Tobacco Tax	124,425		124,425	142,663		36,774
TVA In Lieu Of Taxes	652,000		637,000	636,200		18,238
State Auto License	7,000		7,000	7,713		(800)
ABC Board	30,000		30,000	59,388		713
Financial Inst. Tax	332,000		418,772	851,806		29,388
_	19,721,010		19,792,782	22,369,858		433,034
						<i>2,577,076</i>
License, Permits and Fees						
Business License (City)	1,345,780		1,345,780	1,445,048		99,268
Building Permits	136,300		136,300	178,037		41,737
Mechanical Permits	5,200		5,200	4,940		(260)
<u>_</u>	1,487,280		1,487,280	1,628,025		140,745
Inhana				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		110,743
Intergovernmental Revenues						
State Library Grant	-		1,000	1,000		-
FEMA Grant	7,300		7,300	7,299		(1)
NACOLG Traffic Grant	780		780	271		(509)
State EMA Grant	77,500		77,500	77,501		1
EMA Disaster Funds	-		-	6,987		6,987
CARES Disaster Funds	90,338		90,338	92,338		2,000
ALDOT Grant E. Avalon Avenue		·		1,161,185	1	,161,185
	175,918		176,918	1,346,581		,169,663
						,,



At September 30, 2021			A -tX	Variance with Final
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts,	Budget -
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)
REVENUES (continued)				
Charges for Services				(1 (50)
Street Cutting	8,000	8,000	6,350	(1,650)
Gas Inspection Fees	9,800	9,800	1,342	(8,458)
Electric Inspection Fees	8,800	8,800	18,256	9,456
Plumbing Inspection Fees	5,000	5,000	8,898	3,898
Flood Hazard Improvement Fees	-	-	-	-
Stormwater Permits	-	-	<del>-</del>	- 4 640
Photo Copy Service	5,000	5,000	6,649	1,649
Fire Protection	-	-	-	- (4.0.40)
Garbage Fees	1,090,000	1,281,000	1,279,758	(1,242)
FireTraining Center	23,000	23,000	29,943	6,943
Radio Operator Service	3,600	3,600_	3,600	
Radio operator sorvice	1,153,200	1,344,200	1,354,796	10,596
Joint Ventures			000.040	48
North Ala. Gas District	340,000	389,200	389,248	48
_	340,000	389,200_	389,248	
Park and Recreation				
Cypress Lakes Facility Revenues		005 000	213,886	(21,114)
Dues	235,000	235,000	68,995	8,995
Golf Concessions	60,000	60,000	1,375	1,375
Room Rentals	-	-	1,373	1,212
Miscellaneous	-	45.000	25,934	10,934
Cart Rentals	15,000	15,000		21,156
Greens Fees	117,665	117,665	138,821	25,825
Merchandise	210,000	210,000	235,825	24,804
Golf Club Rental	60,000	60,000	84,804	381
Cash Over/Short (Cypress Lakes)	100	100	481	1,618
Tip Revenue	2,000	2,000	3,618	1,010



		·····		CLABAMA
	Budgeted A	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
REVENUES (continued)				
Park and Recreation				
Other Recreation Revenues				
Gattman Splashpad Concessions	10,000	10,000	8,361	(4.60
Batting Cage Revenue	3,000	3,000	1,291	(1,63
Football	7,500	7,500	14,175	(1,70
Flag Football Revenue	7,000	7,000	5,535	6,67
Airport Concessions	30,000	30,000	28,393	(1,46
Webster Concessions	7,500	7,500	20,393	(1,60)
Karate	8,000	8,000	735	(7,500
Pool Receipts	20,000	20,000	19,896	(7,265
Pool Concessions	2,000	2,000	2,750	(104
Gattman Concessions	50,000	50,000	33,143	750
Youth Basketball Registration	17,500	17,500	33,143 13,919	(16,857
Youth Soccer Registration	7,500	7,500		(3,581
Youth Baseball Registration	17,000	17,000	7,605 11,610	105
Girls Softball Registration	8,500	8,500	5,065	(5,390
Special Events Revenue	20,000	20,000	29,577	(3,435
Adult Softball	1,000	1,000	29,377	9,577
Facilities Rental	35,000	35,000	14,029	(1,000
Vending And Game Machines	1,500	1,500	14,029 257	(20,971
Miscellaneous Revenues	2,500	2,500	496	(1,243
Sportsplex Concessions	35,000	35,000	496 15,734	(2,004
Tournament Revenues	20,000	20,000	•	(19,266)
Tennis Guest Fees	5,000	5,000	3,225	(16,775)
Tennis Passes	10,000	10,000	4,416	(584)
Total Park and Recreation		10,000	10,129	129
Revenues —	1,025,265	1,025,265	1,005,319	(19,946)
vestment Earnings	<i>75,000</i>	20,000	28,319	8,319
brary Revenues			40,017	0,319
itate Aid				
	21,286	21,286	21,286	_
llabama Public Library Grant Jounty Appropriation	<del>-</del>	-	-	-
ines	2,500	2,500	3,000	500
	14,000	4,000	2,636	(1,364)
Miscellaneous Library Revenues	11,300	11,300	6,643	(4,657)
	49,086	39,086	33,565	(5,521)



The deptomate 5 sy	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES (continued)					
Other Revenues Lease Payments Insurance Refund Sale Of Street Material Donations Sale Of City Eqpt Wal-Mart Foundation Grant Misc. Revenue Transf From Area Agency On Aging Colbert County Commission	14,150 14,030 2,000 700 1,000 1,500 5,000 7,800	14,150 14,030 2,000 700 6,000 1,500 5,000 7,800 5,700 61,880	12,411 14,030 2,538 700 28,345 - 4,526 7,800 5,704 79,554	(1,739) - 538 - 22,345 (1,500) (474) - 4 17,674	
Total Revenues	\$ 24,077,939	\$ 24,336,611	\$ 28,235,265	\$ 3,898,654	



							ALABA	MA	
		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts,		Variance with Final Budget -			
		Original		Final		Budgetary Basis		Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES									
Mayor And City Council									
Salaries - Regular	\$	116,288	\$	116,288	æ	440.4			
Retirement	•	9,635	Ψ	9,635	\$	118,667	\$	(2,379)	
Employee's Insurance		13,501		· ·		9,461		174	
Workmen's Compensation		180		13,501		12,563		938	
Consultant Services		-		180		192		(12)	
Mayor And City Council - Data Pro		9,000		2,550		4,250		(1,700)	
Gas, Oil		3,000		9,000		7,671		1,329	
Miscellaneous		2,800		3,000		1,330		1,670	
Vehicle Repair		2,800 1,300		2,800		1,524		1,276	
Advertising		27,000		1,300		748		552	
Travel		•		27,000		20,086		6,914	
Meals		35,000		35,000		19,682		15,318	
Insurance - General		500		500		395		105	
Dues		26,555		26,555		26,555		-	
Road Building		18,400		18,400		16,160		2,240	
Total -		260,000		260,000		259,999		1	
_		523,159		525,709		499,283		26,426	
City Clerk									
Salaries - Regular		537,111		E4E 044					
Retirement		67,595		545,911		557,740		(11,829)	
Employee's Insurance		158,953		67,595		68,001		(406)	
Workmen's Compensation		5,212		158,953		139,738		19,215	
Vacation Sold		11,000		5,212		4,512		700	
Auditing Services		41,500		11,000		9,434		1,566	
Consultant Services		141,000		41,500		43,356		(1,856)	
Janitorial		6,500		81,000		71,544		9,456	
Data Processing		97,600		6,500		3,841		2,659	
Office Supplies				112,600		108,075		4,525	
Gas, Oil		5,400		5,400		3,686		1,714	
Tobacco Stamps		3,000		3,000		2,399		601	
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000		11,106		894	
Buildings And Grounds		5,000		5,000		3,780		1,220	
O Grounds		48,000		48,000		30,978		17,022	



At September 30, 2021	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
_	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
City Clerk		2.000	791	1,209	
Vehicle Repair	2,000	2,000	11,686	814	
Postage	12,500	12,500	3,808	892	
Advertising	200	4,700	(107)	207	
Recording Fees	100	100	3,829	2,171	
Travel	6,000	6,000	100		
City Clerk - Demolition Cost	-	100		220	
Drug/Alcohol Testing	7,150	7,150	6,930 47	153	
Meals	200	200		1,333	
Employee Education And Traininլ	2,000	2,000	667	74	
Insurance - General	10,009	10,009	9,935	(312)	
Photo Copy Exp	4,500	6,000	6,312	1,898	
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	6,000	6,000	4,102	1,858	
Dues	2,600	2,600	2,455	143	
Elections	14,425	14,425	14,424	2,285	
Trustee Fees	<u>7,400</u>	7,400_	5,115	56,571	
Total	1,214,955	1,184,855	1,128,284	30,371	
Civil Service Board		40,000	18,000	-	
Salaries - Regular	18,000	18,000	10,000	500	
Legal Services	500	500	189	311	
Meals _	500	500	18,189	811	
Total	19,000	19,000	10,109	011	
Legal Services	ć 000	6,000	6,000	-	
Salaries - City Attorney	6,000	35,000	21,736	13,264	
Legal Services	35,000	41,000	27,736	13,264	
Total	41,000	41,000		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
City Buildings	5,000	5,000	1,002	3,998	
Workmen's Compensation	24,200	24,200	22,221	1,979	
Lawn Maintenance	·	18,500	12,285	6,21	
<b>Buildings And Grounds</b>	18,500	180,000	124,668	55,33	
Utilities	180,000	5,500	5,292	20	
Early Warning System	4,900	48,582	48,663	(8	
Insurance - General	48,582 281,182	281,782	214,131	67,65	



	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
Communications					
Paging Services					
Telephone	87,000	02.000	-	-	
Radio	15,000	92,000	111,360	(19,360)	
Total -	102,000	15,000	11,589	3,411	
-	102,000	107,000	122,949_	(15,949)	
Payroll Tax Expense					
FICA	637,131	646,372	(20.000		
<b>Unemployment Insurance</b>	6,000	6,000	620,039	26,333	
Total	643,131	652,372	30,733	(24,733)	
_	0.0,101	032,372	650,772	1,600	
Police Dept.					
Holiday Pay	81,202	81,202	70.675		
Salaries - Regular	2,066,895	2,042,878	79,677	1,525	
Salaries - Overtime	127,081	147,081	2,137,228	(94,350)	
Retirement	261,048	261,048	158,941	(11,860)	
Employee's Insurance	700,984	700,984	281,664	(20,616)	
Workmen's Compensation	71,799	71,799	621,851	79,133	
Vacation Sold	87,926	55,926	50,108	21,691	
Janitorial	20,000	20,000	53,082	2,844	
Data Processing	143,076	158,076	18,583	1,417	
Office Supplies	13,000	15,000	161,778	(3,702)	
Gas, Oil	78,200	88,200	14,463	537	
Miscellaneous	24,500	24,500	92,162	(3,962)	
Canine Expense	24,000	24,000	29,324	(4,824)	
D.A.R.E. Program	4,000	24,000	20,107	3,893	
Jail Expense	13,500	14.500	14.005	-	
Buildings And Grounds	31,100	14,500 31,100	14,895	(395)	
Vehicle Repair	40,600	64,600	30,853	247	
Public Safety Equipment	54,326	63,243	75,029	(10,429)	
Travel	14,000	14,000	66,763	(3,520)	
Employee Education And Training	35,500	35,500	14,106	(106)	
Insurance - General	68,000	68,000	36,272	(772)	
Uniforms	53,500	59,500	65,094	2,906	
Photo Copy Exp	5,500	5,500 5,500	62,948	(3,448)	
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	4,373	5,500 4,873	5,067	433	
Dues	2,200	4,873 2,200	4,381	492	
	(continued		2,130	70	



at September 30, 2021	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
EXPENDITURES				
Police Dept.				2,841
Care of Prisoners	22,500	22,500	19,659	2,079
Police Tactical Team	17,000	17,000	14,921	2,079 57
Training Facility	2,800	2,800	2,743	37
Colbert Drug Task Force	10,000	10,000	10,000	1,014
Special Events	4,000	2,500	1,486	1,014
Salary & Benefit	(4.02.04.4)	(102,964)	(95,644)	(7,32 <u>0)</u>
-Reimbursement -Board Of Ed.	(102,964)	4,005,546	4,049,671	(44,125)
Total	3,979,646	4,003,310		
Municipal Court	07.404	89,004	85,109	3,895
Salaries - Regular	87,404	11,558	10,198	1,360
Retirement	11,558	36,390	37,040	(650)
Employee's Insurance	36,390	140	71	69
Workmen's Compensation	140	3,710	3,710	-
Vacation Sold	3,710	13,783	13,766	17
Municipal Judge	13,783	6,000	3,609	2,391
Data Processing	6,000	6,000	615	5,385
Office Supplies	6,000	500	1,737	(1,237)
Miscellaneous	500	6,600	6,600	-
Municipal Prosecutor	6,600	500	-	500
Photo Copy Expense	500	2,500	1,069	1,431
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	2,500	2,500	-	200
Dues	200	176,885	163,524	13,361
Total	175,285	170,000		
Fire Dept.		(2.064	61,553	1,311
Holiday Pay	62,864	62,86 <del>4</del> 1,602,766	1,598,038	4,728
Salaries - Regular	1,576,366	75,000	54,862	20,138
Salaries - Overtime	75,000	202,862	204,999	(2,137)
Retirement	202,862	494,846	417,385	77,461
Employee's Insurance	494,846	48,780	36,754	
Workmen's Compensation	48,780	35,000	8,233	
Vacation Sold	35,000	3,000	2,959	
Janitorial Data Processing	3,000 18,970	21,970	20,334	



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	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
Fire Dept.					
Chemicals	3,000	3,000	0.4.0		
Office Supplies	1,000	1,000	2,162	838	
Gas, Oil	22,800	22,800	845	155	
Medical Supplies	3,750	3,750	17,431	5,369	
Small Tools	2,500	2,500	3,700	50	
Miscellaneous	9,500	6,500	2,037	463	
Fire Prevention Program	3,500	3,500	5,537	963	
<b>Buildings And Grounds</b>	30,000	30,000	3,355	145	
Vehicle Repair	46,200	58,200	26,298	3,702	
Tire Repair	5,000	5,000	52,630	5,570	
Machine & Equipment Repair	10,800	10,800	4,318	682	
Public Safety Equipment	25,832	25,832	10,426	374	
Travel	6,500	6,500	24,729 4,345	1,103	
Employee Education And Training	11,000	7,000	5,375	2,155	
Insurance - General	29,221	29,221	29,219	1,625	
Uniforms	33,800	33,800	32,090	2	
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	3,000	3,000	52,090 975	1,710	
Dues	1,800	1,800	1,010	2,025	
Training Facility	25,000	22,000	16,861	790	
Total	2,791,891	2,823,291	2,648,460	5,139 174,831	
Street Dept.				1/4,031_	
Salaries - Regular					
Salaries - Regular Salaries - Overtime	712,418	723,618	726,038	(2,420)	
Retirement	10,000	10,000	1,110	8,890	
Employee's Insurance	88,007	88,007	87,532	475	
Workmen's Compensation	268,514	268,514	238,880	29,634	
Vacation Sold	43,241	43,241	68,083	(24,842)	
Data Processing	16,019	16,019	20,818	(4,799)	
Chemicals	4,790	4,790	4,762	28	
Office Supplies	8,000	8,000	7,207	793	
Gas, Oil	500	2,000	1,136	864	
-30) VII	45,000	45,000	43,788	1,212	
				•	



At September 30, 2021	Budgeted Amounts  Original Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
			Basis	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
Street Dept.		20.000	18,311	11,689	
Road Building	30,000	30,000	3,823	11,177	
Street Materials Sold	15,000	15,000	3,623 26	174	
Medical Supplies	200	200	10,695	873	
Small Tools	11,568	11,568	11,026	3,974	
Street Markers	15,000	15,000	4,145	(145)	
Miscellaneous	2,000	4,000	5,261	739	
Safety Supplies	6,000	6,000	27,866	2,634	
Buildings And Grounds	20,500	30,500	18,862	1,138	
Vehicle Repair	18,000	20,000	12,537	3,563	
Tire Repair	16,100	16,100	15,384	3,616	
Machine & Equipment Repair	12,000	19,000	118,122	(3,941)	
Storm Drainage	56,000	114,181	170,122	830	
Travel	1,000	1,000	170	750	
Meals	750	750	800	700	
Employee Education And Training	1,500	1,500		700	
Insurance - General	45,271	45,271	45,271	1,553	
Debris Removal Fund	1,553	1,553	- - 707	368	
Uniforms	6,150	6,150	5,782 91	209	
Photo Copy Exp	300	300		800	
Tree Services	20,000	20,000	19,200	2,374	
Pedestrian Overpass	6,900	6,900	4,526	2,261	
Sidewalk Repair	2,500	2,500	239	55,171	
Total	1,484,781	1,576,662	1,521,491		
City Engineer Engineering Services	370,000	370,000	164,389	205,611	
Construction in Progress Total	370,000	370,000	164,389	205,611	



				SABAM	
EXPENDITURES	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
· <del>-</del>					
Storm Drainage					
Salaries - Regular Salaries - Overtime	237,617	240,817	253,351	(12,534)	
Retirement	8,000	12,000	11,570	430	
	29,546	29,546	31,964	(2,418)	
Employee's Insurance	65,075	65,075	52,532	12,543	
Workmen's Compensation Vacation Sold	6,794	6,794	1,595	5,199	
Janitorial	12,000	6,000	2,210	3,790	
	1,200	1,200	1,160	40	
Data Processing Chemicals	3,390	3,390	4,641	(1,251)	
· ·	43,000	35,000	33,329	1,671	
Gas, Oil Small Tools	18,000	26,000	24,913	1,087	
Miscellaneous	5,000	5,000	5,059	(59)	
	3,700	3,700	4,140	(440)	
Vehicle Repair	7,650	7,650	3,438	4,212	
Tire Repair	4,200	4,200	2,728	1,472	
Machine & Equipment Repair	17,000	19,000	23,909	(4,909)	
Retention Ponds Utilities	48,000	48,000	48,241	(241)	
	40,000	40,000	40,781	(781)	
Program/Review Fees	1,400	1,400	1,385	15	
Travel	2,000	2,000	485	1,515	
Meals	200	200	-	200	
Employee Education And Trainin	850	850		850	
Insurance - General	12,540	12,540	12,828	(288)	
Levee Maintenance	7,000	7,000	4,590	2,410	
Uniforms	2,250	2,250	2,176	2,410 74	
Total	576,412	579,612	567,025	12,587	
Stract Links				12,507	
Street Lighting Utilities					
Total	500,000	500,000	483,317	16,683	
10taj	500,000	500,000	483,317	16,683	
Sanitation				10,003	
Salaries - Regular	854,230	070.000			
Salaries - Overtime	10,000	870,230	888,314	(18,084)	
Retirement	105,535	10,000	2,779	7,221	
Employee's Insurance	105,535 294,484	105,535	106,511	(976)	
	47 <b>4,404</b>	294,484	270,784	23,700	



At September 30, 2021	Budgeted Amounts		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	(Negative)		
EXPENDITURES						
Sanitation		60.054	31,603	29,371		
Workmen's Compensation	60,974	60,974	31,603 19,579	(1,101)		
Vacation Sold	18,478	18,478	243,144	25,406		
Landfill Services	236,550	268,550	243,144 9,147	53		
Chemicals	8,000	9,200	1,543	(293)		
Office Supplies	750	1,250	59,665	7,085		
Gas, Oil	51,750	66,750	59,003 26	174		
Medical Supplies	200	200	26 1,524	(24)		
Small Tools	1,500	1,500		699		
Miscellaneous	4,000	4,000	3,301	737		
Safety Supplies	4,000	4,000	3,263	8,905		
Vehicle Repair	30,000	50,000	41,095	2,573		
Tire Repair	15,000	20,000	17,427 19,559	4,956		
Machine & Equipment Repair	24,515	24,515	19,559	750		
Travel	750	750	-	250		
Employee Education And Training	250	250	4 702	33,207		
Garbage Containers	35,000	35,000	1,793	55,207		
Insurance - General	27,741	27,741	27,741	(68)		
Uniforms	7,392	7,392	7,460	350		
Photo Copy Exp	350	350	2.452	447		
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	2,600	2,600	2,153	2		
Dues	225	225	223	125,340		
Total	1,794,274	1,883,974	1,758,634	123,510		
Contractual Obligations	95,099	95,099	95,099	-		
Colbert Animal Shelter		11,832	11,832	-		
Colbert County Emergency Mgm	9,375	9,375	9,375	-		
M.S Airport Authority	46,760	46,760	50,273	(3,513		
Incentive Rebate	2,500	2,500	2,500	<u>-</u>		
Hazard Mat. Team Total	165,566	165,566	169,079			



				Variance	
	Budgeted A	mounts	Actual Amounts,	with Final	
	Original Final		Budgetary Basis	Budget - Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES			··· <del>·</del>		
Appropriations					
Riverbend Mental Health	10,000	10,000	10.000		
Colbert Health Dept	7,000	7,000	10,000	-	
Easter Seals Rehabilitation Center	7,000	7,000	7,000	-	
Safeplace, Inc.	2,000	2,000	7,000	-	
Colbert County Attention Home	1,000	1,000	2,000	-	
Meals On Wheels	3,000	3,000	1,000	-	
Hope Haven School	2,500	2,500	3,000	-	
Colbert County Tourism Board	35,600	2,500 35,600	2,500	-	
I.M. Alliance	2,000	•	45,499	(9,899	
Shoals Area COARMM	1,500	2,000	2,000	-	
Shoals Area Chamber Of Comm	3,050	1,500	1,500	-	
Cerebral Palsy Center	1,500	3,050	5,000	(1,950	
NACOLG Transit Program	1,500	1,500	1,500	-	
SenioRX Program (Nacolg)	1,500	1,500	3,000	(1,500	
Mainstream Development Corp	1,000	1,500	3,000	(1,500	
Scope 310 Authority	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	
Community Action	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	
Shoals Entrepreneurial Center	5,000	1,000	1,000	-	
Keep the Shoals Beautiful	2,500	5,000	5,000	-	
Crimestoppers	2,500 500	2,500	2,500	-	
Cramer Children's Center		500	500	-	
Colbert County DHR	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	
CASA	1,000	1,000	1,000	_	
Shoals Scholar Dollars	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	
Total	1,000	1,000	1,000		
<del>- ,</del>	94,150	94,150	108,999	(14,849)	
ecreation - Administration Division					
Salaries Part Time	172,450	135,450	135,538	(88)	
Salaries - Regular Salaries - Overtime	525,610	533,610	528,992	4,618	
	2,000			1,010	



t september 30, 2021	Budgeted An	nounts	Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
<b>Recreation - Administration Divisi</b>	ion		60 176	3,452	
Retirement	72,628	72,628	69,176	14,927	
Employee's Insurance	147,984	147,984	133,057 5,118	13,471	
Workmen's Compensation	18,589	18,589	· ·	14,408	
Vacation Sold	27,622	27,622	13,214	2,500	
Consultant Services	2,500	2,500	7.604	(694)	
Janitorial	6,000	7,000	7,694	219	
Data Processing	3,000	3,000	2,781	2,124	
Office Supplies	3,000	3,000	876	250	
Medical Supplies	250	250	4.40	(295)	
Miscellaneous	1,000	4,200	4,495	(55,022)	
Buildings And Grounds	20,000	20,000	75,022	(33,022)	
Machine & Equipment Repair	1,500	1,500	1,251	29,901	
Utilities	150,000	150,000	120,099	29,901	
Advertising	1,000	1,000	910	1,007	
Travel	2,500	2,500	1,493	569	
Meals	750	750	181	840	
Employee Education And Training	1,000	1,000	160		
Insurance - General	15,977	15,977	16,485	(508)	
Photo Copy Exp	2,000	2,000	2,472	(472)	
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	1,500	1,500	519	981	
Dues	1,500	1,500	150	1,350	
Transaction Fees	2,500	2,500	-	2,500	
Special Events	5,000	1,800	1,998	(198)	
Adaptive Program	5,000	5,000	5,196	(196)	
Adaptive Program	5,000	5,000	3,525	1,475	
Total	1,197,860	1,169,860	1,130,402	39,458	
Recreation - Maint. & Grounds Div	vision		4 E70	1,421	
Chemicals	6,000	6,000	4,579	2,661	
Gas, Oil	20,000	20,000	17,339	2,001	
Medical Supplies	250	250	- 4 - 4 - 4		
Small Tools	2,000	2,000	1,151	047	



EXPENDITURES	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Recreation - Maint. & Grounds I	<b>52. 1. 1</b>			
Buildings And Grounds				
Vehicle Repair	35,000	50,000	53,770	(3,770)
Machine & Equipment Repair	10,000	16,000	13,352	2,648
Uniforms	9,000	9,000	8,014	986
Total	4,000	4,000	<u>4,750</u>	(750)
	86,250	107,250	102,955	4,295
Recreation - Swimming / Tennis I	Facilities			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Salaries Part Time	14,000	29,000	29,130	(400)
Chemicals	3,000	3,000	3,443	(130)
Buildings And	15,000	15,000	12,170	(443)
Pool Concession	500	500	1,164	2,830
	32,500	47,500	45,907	(664)
Recreation - Athletic Division				1,593
Buildings And Grounds	75.000			
Retirement	75,000	66,500	56,565	9,935
Batting Cages	500	500	-	500
Splashpad Concessions	1,000	2,500	2,526	(26)
Football	2,000	2,000	1,952	48
Football Referees	10,000	10,000	21,900	(11,900)
Splashpad Expenses	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Special Events	5,000	12,000	11,957	43
Youth Baseball Supplies	7,500	7,500	14,030	(6,530)
Baseball Umpires	20,000	20,000	10,487	9,513
Youth Basketball Supplies	20,000	20,000	18,185	1,815
Basketball Officials	7,500 15,000	7,500	7,776	(276)
Youth Soccer Supplies	3,500	15,000	8,890	6,110
Soccer Officials	2,000	3,500	3,618	(118)
Girls Softball Supplies	2,000 7,500	2,000	1,524	476
Softball Umpires	3,500	7,500	6,609	891
Volleyball	1,000	3,500	3,185	315
Gattman Concessions	30,000	1,000	-	1,000
Sportsplex Concessions	20,000	30,000	28,289	1,711
Tournament Expenses	5,000 5,000	20,000	11,314	8,686
Karate	7,000	5,000	-	5,000
	7,000	7,000	-	7,000



At September 30, 2021	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original Final		Budgetary Basis	Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
Recreation - Athletic Division		w 000	621	4,379	
Webster Concessions	5,000	5,000	15,125	4,875	
Airport Concessions	20,000	20,000	3,913	1,087	
Flag Football Supplies	5,000	5,000	2,255	2,745	
Flag Football Officials	5,000_	5,000	230,721	49,779	
Total	280,500	280,500		10,110	
_		•			
Golf Course Operations	236,376	236,376	210,647	25,729	
Salaries Part Time	283,925	288,725	297,941	(9,216)	
Salaries - Regular	43,686	43,686	44,211	(525)	
Retirement	76,682	76,682	61,936	14,746	
Employee's Insurance	8,271	8,271	7,263	1,008	
Workmen's Compensation	5,850	5,850	2,416	3,434	
Vacation Sold	2,500	2,500	2,500	-	
Consultant Services	6,600	6,600	5,005	1,595	
Janitorial	11,500	11,500	10,558	942	
Data Processing	85,000	85,000	90,306	(5,306)	
Chemicals	1,200	1,200	625	575	
Office Supplies	20,000	20,000	16,476	3,524	
Gas & Oil	4,000 4,000	4,000	3,755	245	
Small Tools	4,000 6,000	6,000	6,420	(420)	
Miscellaneous	•	155,036	170,477	(15,441)	
Buildings And Grounds	130,336	7,000	4,992	2,008	
Driving Range Equipment	7,000	7,000	7,194	(194)	
Vehicle Repair	7,000	48,000	36,964	11,036	
Machine & Equipment Repair	70,000	80,000	79,479	521	
Utilities	80,000	6,000	5,888	112	
Telephone	6,000	2,000	1,960	40	
Advertising	4,000	2,000	_,: - :	250	
Travel	250	500	_	500	
Employee Education Insurance - General	500 13,892	13,892	14,321	(429)	



			ALABAMA		
_	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES				(Tregative)	
Golf Course Operations					
19th Hole Concessions Supplies	25.00				
Uniforms	35,000	35,000	33,709	1,291	
Photo Copy Exp	5,075	5,575	5,638	(63)	
Printing, Books,	400	400	240	160	
Dues	1,800	1,800	500	1,300	
Contractural Services	3,500	2,300	1,490	810	
Transaction Fees	55,379	55,379	55,501	(122)	
Pro Shop	9,500	9,500	12,135	(2,635)	
Total -	42,000	42,000	67,543	(25,543)	
i otai	1,263,222	1,268,022	1,258,090	9,932	
Senior Citizens					
Salaries - Regular	67,443	68,243	69,016	(772)	
Retirement	7,601	7,601	6,779	(773)	
Employee's Insurance	13,798	13,798	13,390	822	
Workmen's Compensation	1,917	1,917	1,007	408	
Janitorial	2,100	2,100	2,045	910	
Data Processing	2,020	2,720	· ·	55	
Office Supplies	1,100	5,300	2,490	230	
Gas, Oil	3,200	3,200	551	4,749	
Miscellaneous	4,200	4,950	2,641	559	
Buildings And Grounds	10,000	10,000	3,980	970	
Vehicle Repair	1,400	3,200	7,219	2,781	
Utilities	25,000		3,112	88	
Travel	2,106	20,800	16,782	4,018	
Insurance - General	1,472	2,106	146	1,960	
Photo Copy Exp	1,000	1,472	1,472	-	
Printing, Books, Subscriptions	650	1,000	772	228	
Area On Aging	4,850	650	335	315	
Art Instruction	1,200	4,850	4,850	-	
Wellness Activities		1,200	-	1,200	
Arts and Crafts	7,500	4,250	1,325	2,925	
Ceramics	2,500	2,500	170	2,330	
Total	2,800	2,800	1,594	1,206	
	163,857	164,657	139,676	24,981	



At September 30, 2021	Budgeted Am	ounts	Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Original Final		Budgetary Basis	(Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
Libraries		400.000	83,644	24,356	
Salaries Part Time	128,000	108,000	189,813	13,547	
Salaries - Regular	199,360	203,360	29,885	5,468	
Retirement	35,353	35,353	59,471	5,077	
Employee's Insurance	64,548	64,548	3,292	5,559	
Workmen's Compensation	8,851	8,851	2,124	2,876	
Vacation Sold	5,000	5,000	2,124 5,449	1,551	
Janitorial	7,000	7,000	·	5,889	
Data Processing	39,000	39,000	33,111	439	
Office Supplies	8,000	8,000	7,561	372	
Gas, Oil	700	700	328	7,850	
Miscellaneous	10,000	20,000	12,150	26,315	
Buildings And Grounds	26,000	46,000	19,685	1,866	
Vehicle Repair	2,000	2,000	134	16,663	
Utilities	32,000	32,000	15,337		
Postage	800	800	809	(9) 2,496	
Employee Education And Trainin	3,000	3,000	504		
Insurance - General	4,709	4,709	4,709	- 0.420	
Children/Youth Programs	25,000	25,000	15,561	9,439	
Videos	30,000	20,000	19,258	742	
	4,000	4,000	3,855	145	
Photo Copy Exp Printing, Books, Subscriptions	142,000	142,000	142,495	(495)	
Total	775,321	779,321	649,175	130,146	
Special Events			4 COO	470	
Christmas Parade	5,000	5,000	4,530	470	
Total	5,000	5,000	4,530	470	
Board Of Education	2,000	2,000	2,000	-	
<b>Educational Foundation</b>		1,333,459	1,341,444	(7,985)	
Education Total	1,333,459 1,335,459	1,335,459	1,343,444		
1 Utai					



	Budgeted A	Amounts	Actual Amounts,	Variance with Final Budget -	
	Original	Original Final		Positive (Negative)	
EXPENDITURES					
Capital Outlay	539,272	549,372	<u> </u>	(1,025,062)	
Debt Service			<del>-</del>		
Principal Interest Expense Total	40,855 17,380	40,855 17,380	41,661 16,574	(806) 	
10141	58,235	58,235	58,235		
Total Expenditures	20,493,908	20,752,580	20,833,502	(80,922)	
Excess (deficiency of revenues over expenditures)	3,584,031	3,584,031	7,401,763	3,817,732	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SEC)				
Transfers in	31.3)				
Municipal Court Fund Total	220,000 220,000	220,000 220,000	268,895 268,997	48,895	
Transfers out				48,997	
Utility Board Debt Service	33,504 1,919,554	33,504 1,919,554	33,504	-	
Half Cent Sales Tax	1,846,321	1,846,321	1,808,629 1,966,871	110,925	
Total	3,799,379	3,799,379	3,809,004		
Net Transfers (out)	(3,579,379)	(3,579,379)	(3,540,007)	39,372	
Excess Revenue (Expenditures) and other Funding Sources	\$ 4,652 \$	4,652	\$ 3,861,756	\$ 3,857,104	

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Balance Sheet – Other Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	Ga	en-cent asoline cise tax_	G	our-cent asoline cise Tax	Ala	build bama el Tax
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Receivable from other governments  Total assets	\$	33,947 5,338 - 39,285	\$	91,187 4,242 - 95,429		7,916 - 8,310 16,226
<b>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</b> Liabilities: Accounts payable	·	-		-		-
Due to other funds Cash bonds outstanding		-		-		- -
Other accrued liabilities Total liabilities		<u>-</u>				-
Fund balances: Restricted for: Debt service		-		- 04 107		- 7,916
Capital Projects Unassigned: Unassigned		33,947 5,338		91,187		8,310
Total fund balances		39,285		95,429		16,226
Total liabilities and fund balances	_\$	39,285	_ \$	95,429	\$	16,226



M.S. Police Dept.	City Court Correction	CDBG	Coronovirus Relif Fund	Municipal Court	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 3,765	\$ 144,347	\$ 2	675,301	\$ 194,252	\$ 1,150,717
-	-	-	<del>-</del>	-	9,580
3,765	144,347	2	675 201	883	9,193
			675,301	195,135	1,169,490
-	_	_	_		
-	-	_	-	21,586	- 21,586
-	-	-	_	9,735	21,366 9,735
	<u> </u>	-	-	337	337
-		_	_	31,658	31,658
- -	<del>.</del> -	-	-	<u>-</u>	- 133,050
3,765	144,347	2	675,301	163,477	1,004,782
3,765	144,347	2	675,301	163,477	1,137,832
			0,0,001	100;17/	1,137,034
\$ 3,765	\$ 144,347	\$ 2	\$ 675,301	\$ 195,135	\$ 1,169,490

City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Fund Balance Other Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	Seven-cent Gasoline Excise tax		Ga	Four-cent Gasoline Excise Tax		Rebuild Alabama Fuel Tax	
REVENUES	4	E0 E20	\$	46,212	\$	_	
Local taxes	\$	58,520	ф	40,212	ф	-	
License, permits and fees		-		_		-	
Joint Ventures		-		_		89,946	
Intergovernmental revenue		- 72		69		37	
Investment earnings		. / 4		_		-	
Miscellaneous	_	58,592		46,281		89,983	
Total revenues		30,374		10,202			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:						_	
General government		-		_		_	
Police		- 73,894		_		81,900	
Street		/3,074		_		-	
Health and sanitation	_					81,900	
Total expenditures	<del></del>	73,894		-		01,900	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						0.000	
over expenditures		(15,302)		46,281_	·	8,083	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-				<u> </u>	
Total other financing sources and	-						
uses						-	
ar a la Cardhalanaa		(15,302)	)	46,281		8,083	
Net change in fund balances		54,587		49,148		8,144	
Fund balances - beginning	-			95,429	\$	16,227	
Fund balances - ending	_;	39,285		) JUNTAD		20,427	



			 The second secon	St			·		ABANI	
	M.S. Police Dept.	City Court Correction	CDBG	Coronovirus Relif Fund		Municipal Court			al Nonmajor vernmental Funds	
	\$ - - 4 8,303 8,307		\$ 5 - - 0 0 5		- - - 275 75,026 75,301		- 452,729 261 - 191 - - - - - 	\$	104,737 518,628 261 89,946 799 683,329 1,397,700	
	- 6,648 - -	44,009 23,814 - -	- - -	- - -		1	155,755 - - -		199,764 30,462 155,794	
	6,648 1,659	(1,773)	 5_	67	5,301		55,755 97,426		386,020 1,011,680	
	-	-	 (21,215)	-		(268,895)		(290,110)		
	1,659 2,106	(1,773) 146,120	(21,215) (21,210) 21,212	67:	5,301	2	8,895) 8,531 4,946		(290,110) 721,570 416,263	
\$_	3,765	\$ 144,347	\$ 22	\$ 675	5,301	16	3,477	\$ 1	,137,833	

President Sockwell announced that the next item of business was consideration of a resolution to declare two police vehicles as surplus and to sell as scrap. Council Member Clark introduced the following resolution and moved for its adoption:

### STATE OF ALABAMA

### **COLBERT COUNTY**

### **RESOLUTION NUMBER 3218-22**

WHEREAS, the City Council has been informed by the Chief of Police that the hereinafter described vehicles previously used in the performance of duties at the Muscle Shoals Police Department are no longer required for use by City personnel; and 2007 Ford Crown Victoria VIN# 2FAHP71W87X140017 2007 Ford Crown Victoria VIN# 2FAHP71WX7X140018

WHEREAS, the City Council has determined that the said vehicles are surplus property, and the Department has no further use for said vehicles and the equipment thereon due to age and condition and it is not economical for the City to retool or refit the said equipment in order that it be able to be placed in service in either for the Police Department

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama that the following described certain vehicles and equipment related thereto be declared surplus property and be disposed of by the Police Department of the city in a manner that will require no further expenditure by the City nor expose the City to any liability in the further use of or operation of same and the Council does hereby authorize the Police Chief or his designee to dispose of said equipment as surplus property and the Council so finds that the following equipment is surplus property:

2007 Ford Crown Victoria VIN# 2FAHP71W87X140017 2007 Ford Crown Victoria VIN# 2FAHP71WX7X140018

**BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED** that the Police Chief or his designee is authorized to take the steps necessary to deliver and sell the said property as scrap and convey the

above described surplus property to the scrap yard and obtain the standard value for the scrap of the said vehicles.

Council Member Moore seconded the motion and upon said motion being put to a vote, all voted "AYE" and "NAYS" were none.

President Sockwell announced that the resolution had been approved.

President Sockwell announced that the next item of business was to set a public hearing to consider the issuance of a retail liquor license to Tonic, LLC., 2306 Woodward Avenue, and Pinspiration of the Shoals, Carmaral, LLC., 2308 Woodward Avenue. President Sockwell announced that at a meeting to be held at the City Hall in said City at 6:00 p.m. on the 22<sup>nd</sup> day of August, 2022 to consider the issuance of the license.

President Sockwell announced that the next item of business was consideration of a resolution to award construction contract to Eady Contracting, Inc. for Southgate Mall Area EDA Project.

Council Member Thompson introduced the following resolution and moved for its adoption:

### STATE OF ALABAMA

### **COLBERT COUNTY**

### **RESOLUTION NUMBER 3219-22**

# Resolution to Award Construction Contract for City of Muscle Shoals' EDA Project # 04-79-07444

**WHEREAS**, the City of Muscle Shoals has duly advertised and received construction bids for drainage infrastructure improvements to mitigate repetitive, economically harmful flooding in the Southgate Mall Area (EDA Project # 04-79-07444),

AND, WHEREAS, Eady Contracting, Inc. has submitted the lowest bid for this project,

AND, WHEREAS, the City has verified through the website www.SAM.gov that the contractor does not appear on the Excluded Parties List of Ineligible Contractors,

NOW, THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Council of the City of Muscle Shoals does hereby authorize Mike Lockhart, Mayor, to execute documents necessary to enter into a contract with Eady Contracting, Inc. in the amount of \$2,563,426.50, pending EDA's approval of recently submitted bid documents.

Council Member Hall seconded the motion and upon said motion being put to a vote, all voted "AYE" and "NAYS" were none.

President Sockwell announced that the resolution had been approved.

President Sockwell announced that the next item of business was consideration of a resolution to authorize the City to join the State of Alabama & other local governments as participants in current & future opioid settlements.

Council Member Clark introduced the following resolution and moved for its adoption:

### STATE OF ALABAMA COLBERT COUNTY

### **RESOLUTION NUMBER 3220-22**

A RESOLUTION AUTHORIZING THE CITY OF MUSCLE SHOALS TO JOIN THE STATE OF ALABAMA AND OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AS PARTICIPANTS IN CURRENT AND FUTURE OPIOID SETTLEMENTS

WHEREAS, the opioid epidemic continues to impact communities in the United States, the State of Alabama, and the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama.

**WHEREAS**, the City of Muscle Shoals has suffered harm and will continue to suffer harm as a result of the opioid epidemic;

WHEREAS, the State of Alabama and some Alabama local governments have filed lawsuits against opioid manufacturers, distributors, and retailers ("Opioid Litigation");

WHEREAS, the State of Alabama has entered into various Settlement Agreements and are likely to enter into additional agreements in the future which include the claims for the State of Alabama's local governments;

WHEREAS, the City of Muscle Shoals finds the terms of the current Settlement Agreements acceptable and in the best interest of the community and anticipates the terms of the future Settlement Agreements to be similarly acceptable;

WHEREAS, the State of Alabama has prepared and presented Settlement Sign-On Agreements to the local governments and the City of Muscle Shoals finds the terms of the Sign-On Agreement acceptable and in the best interest of the community;

WHEREAS, the current and future Settlement Agreements and Sign-On Agreements will detail the allocation of Settlement Funds, which the City of Muscle Shoals finds acceptable and in the best interest of the community;

## NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF MUSCLE SHOALS, ALABAMA,

Section 1. That the City of Muscle Shoals finds that participation in the various Opioid Settlements, Settlement Agreement and Sign-On Agreement is in the best interest of the City of Muscle Shoals and its citizens because such a plan would ensure an effective structure for the commitment of Settlement Funds to abate and seek to resolve the opioid epidemic.

Section 2. That the City of Muscle Shoals hereby expresses its support for the Settlement of various Opioid claims and allocation and use of Settlement Funds as generally described in the Settlement Agreement and Sign-On Agreement.

Section 3. That the City of Muscle Shoals's Clerk ("City Clerk") is hereby expressly authorized to execute the Settlement Sign-On Agreements and the City Clerk is hereby authorized to execute any formal agreements necessary to implement the Settlements and plan for the allocation and use of Settlement Funds.

Section 4. That the City Clerk is hereby expressly authorized to execute any formal agreement and related documents evidencing the City of Muscle Shoals's agreement to the settlement of claims and litigation related to the Opioid Epidemic.

Section 5. That the City Clerk is authorized to take such other action as necessary and appropriate to effectuate the City of Muscle Shoals's participation in any Settlement related to the Opioid Epidemic.

Section 6. This Resolution is effective upon adoption, the welfare of the City of Muscle Shoals, Alabama requiring it.

Council Member Thompson seconded the motion and upon said motion being put to a vote, all voted "AYE" and "NAYS" were none.

President Sockwell announced that the resolution had been approved.

President Sockwell announced that the next meeting date had been changed to Monday, August 22, 2022, at 6:00 p.m. with the work session beginning at 5:30 p.m.

There being no further business to come before the meeting, upon the motion duly made and seconded the meeting was adjourned.

CITY OF MUSCLE SHOALS, ALABAMA A Municipal Corporation

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE ONE

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE TWO

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE THREE

COUNCIL MÉMBER - PLACE FOUR

COUNCIL MEMBER - PLACE FIVE

ATTEST:

CITY CLERK

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